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SEMI-WEEKLY.

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LIBERALS GAIN LARGE VICTORIES.

Canada Has Its Usual Election
and a Surprise Party.

DOCTOR JAMESON INDICTED

Terrible Loss of Life in Japan—The
Work of the Tidal Wave—The Cor-
net Arrives in Yokohama—Carn-
to be Run by Compressed Air.

MONTREAL, Quebec, June 24.—Ac-
cording to the latest election returns
the Liberals have a clear majority over
all other factions of 22. The complex-
ion of the new House is as follows:
Liberals, 118; Conservatives, 83; Inde-
pendents, 11.

New elections will have to be held
in two constituencies, as Laurier and
McCarthy ran in two divisions and were
elected in both. A great many surprises
were occasioned by the results in the
various provinces. Quebec went
strongly against the Government, while
Ontario, where a regular revolution
was predicted, stood by Sir Charles
Tupper better than any other section
of the country.

British Columbia and the Northwest
Territory, Manitoba, Nova Scotia and
New Brunswick, each gave a stronger
Liberal representation than in the last
House, while Prince Edward Island in-
creased the Conservative contingent
from that province. In Quebec Messrs.
Taillon, Postmaster-General and Presi-
dent of the Council, and Desjardins,
Minister of Public Works, all met their
Waterloo. But three Conservatives
were elected out of the eight seats of
Montreal.

In New Brunswick the old and es-
teemed Liberal veteran, A. H. Gillmor
was defeated in Charlotte, while Col-
onel Domville (Liberal) captured Geo.
Foster's old seat in Kings. J. W. Long-
ley was defeated in Annapolis and Joseph
Martin in Winnipeg. Dalton Mc-
Carthy was elected in Brandon.

A special feature of the fight in Nova
Scotia was the capture of Cumberland
by the Liberals, coupled with the de-
feat of A. R. Dickey, the Minister of
Justice.

LONDON, June 24.—The St. James
Gazette, referring to the Canadian elec-
tions, says: "The rock upon which the
Conservatives came to grief was state's
rights. Manitoba violated the funda-
mental contracts upon which the federa-
tion was based, and the nation seemed
determined to enforce it. Even in Can-
ada home rule does not always work
smoothly."

VICTORIA, June 23.—The results of
today's election throughout British
Columbia surprise even the victorious
Liberal party, for they certainly ex-
pected not more than three of the six
seats, and they have won all save in
Victoria city, which returns Prior and
Earle, Conservatives; the other con-
stituencies give majority to the Lib-
erals thus: Vancouver district, McIn-
nes; Vancouver city, Rev. Maxwell
Westminster, Morrison; Yale and Car-
iboo, Bostock.

A REPORT

Tidal Wave Caused Terrible Loss in
Japan.

WASHINGTON, June 22. The first
official report of the great Japanese
earthquake and tidal wave came today
to the State Department from Mr.
Herod, secretary of the legation at To-
kyo, in the following brief cablegram:
"The deaths caused by the tidal
wave are estimated at over 30,000 in the
reports to date. No mortality among
Americans."

JAMESON INDICTED.

He Will be Tried in Company With
Some of His Raiders.

LONDON, June 22.—The Grand Jury
today found true bills against Dr. Le-
ander Starr Jameson, Major Sir John
Willoughby, Colonel R. G. Gray, Major
R. W. Hile, Colonel H. F. Wile and Henry
F. Coventry, charged with violating
the neutrality laws by invading the
Transvaal.

Coronet Party in Yokohama.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A private ca-
blegram announces the arrival at Yo-
kohama today of the schooner yacht
Coronet, having on board Arthur Cur-
tiss James, the vessel's owner, and other
members of the expedition headed by
Professor David P. Todd of the Amer-
berst faculty.

Cars Run by Compressed Air.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Compressed air
motors will be tested on street cars in
Chicago for the first time on July 1st.
The new motive power for street pas-
senger transportation may find a per-
manent abode in this city if the test is

successful. Should the motor demon-
strate its efficiency, a battle royal will
be begun between compressed air and
electricity, which may end in the abol-
ishment of the trolley.

Trouble in Cape Town.

CAPE TOWN, June 24.—The Natal
contingent today defeated with heavy
loss 2,000 Mashonas.

LONDON, June 25.—Dispatches from
Cape Town announce that Salisbury
has been relieved by the arrival of a
small body of imperial troops, bringing
a Maxim gun, rifles and ammunition.

A Cape Town dispatch to the Times
says that John Hays Hammond will
sail from there for home today. The
dispatch also says: A telegram from
Salisbury says the whole country about
that point has arisen, and relief is anxi-
ously awaited, many outlying places be-
ing defenseless. Stations along the Um-
aiti and Salisbury road have been at-
tacked and Motundella's store has been
looted and six of its defenders killed.

A number of isolated men along the
road have also been killed. It is feared
that 50,000 amfital cartridges fell into
the hands of the rebels.

CUBAN STRIFE IS STILL ON.

Spain Will appropriate More
Money for War.

LEE HAS SENT NO REPORTS.

Disease Causing Terrible Inroads in
"Ever Faithful Isle"—Review of
What Men and Money Spain Has
Expended in Her War With Cuba.

HAVANA, June 24.—A dispatch from
Madrid says the Minister of War has
sent the necessary funds to equip and
arm 40,000 destined for Cuba.

NEW YORK, June 24.—A special to
the World from Santiago, Cuba, says:
The failure of Spain to conquer the Cu-
ban patriots, besides being proved by
the continuous defeats of the troops in
the field of battle, the lack of money in
her treasury and poor credit she enjoys
is also plainly seen by the supreme
effort made in sending money, men and
war material to Cuba since the begin-
ning of the struggle with such poor suc-
cess. In March, 1895, Spain sent to Cuba
\$500,000, in April \$400,000, in May \$1,
221,000, in June \$1,800,000, in July \$700,
000, in August \$1,600,000, in September
\$1,400,000, in October \$700,000, in No-
vember \$1,700,000, in December \$4,000,
000, in January, 1896, \$2,000,000, in Feb-
ruary \$3,000,000—a total of \$19,321,000.

From March, 1895, to April 10, 1896
Spain has sent to Cuba 40 generals, 562
chiefs, 4768 captains and lieutenants,
3396 sub-lieutenants, 112,560 corporals
and soldiers, 143 cannon, 150,111 rifles,
5000 bayonets, 23,124 cases of canister
shot, 61,878,368 cartridges and 72,326 ki-
lograms of gunpowder. These figures
are taken from El Liberal, one of the
first newspapers of Madrid.

DEADLY DISEASES PREVAIL.

Official Reports Show a Heavy Death
Rate in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Reports to
the Surgeon-General of the Marine Hos-
pital service from United States sani-
tary inspectors in Cuba show a terrible
increase in the number of deaths from
contagious diseases in the island. Dr.
Caminero, the official at Santiago
writes that "smallpox is raging epi-
demically, and the cases, which can be
counted by hundreds, are increasing
daily. There are no precautions to
keep the sick isolated, and wakes over
corpses are of daily occurrence. Yellow
fever has decreased somewhat, and
there are only two deaths reported this
week. Malarial affections of the most
deadly character are very common, es-
pecially of a remittent and pernicious
form, enteritis among children and
dysentery among adults also providing
a large contingent to the general mor-
tality."

THOSE OFFICIAL REPORTS.

Consul-General Lees Says He Has Not
Sent Out Any.

HAVANA, June 22.—United States
Consul-General Lee, when asked re-
garding the published allegations that
he has sent a report to President Cleve-
land on the Cuban question, denies ab-
solutely that he has sent any report on
this subject.

Dowager Empress of China Dead.

PEKING, June 21.—The Dowager
Empress of China, Tsi Tai, the adopted
mother of the present Emperor, died on
Friday. She was born in 1834.

SILVER MAJORITY IS ROLLING UP.

Forecasts of Coming National
Democratic Convention.

NEW YORK STANDS FIRM FOR GOLD

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Montana
Send White Metal Delegates—World
Sees Clear Majority—One-third
May be Yellow Metal Men.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The World
says: The great Middle Western States
—Ohio, Indiana and Illinois—hold Dem-
ocratic State conventions tomorrow or
Wednesday. They will all go for free
silver and will probably adopt the unit
rule; so every one of their 124 dele-
gates will be bound to silver. The New
York and Wisconsin State conventions
tomorrow will be for sound money, ad-
ding 94 votes to that column. The poll
of States in the National Convention
will then stand 545 for silver to 349
for sound money. Adding the Territo-
ries, which are all for silver, brings the
silver vote to 569.

The silver men will require 613 votes
to control the convention by the Dem-
ocratic two-thirds rule required to nomi-
nate a candidate for President. A poll
made by the World shows that Horace
Boies of Iowa is still the leading silver
candidate for President, as he was three
years ago. He has 118 votes pledged to
him, and is the second choice of nearly
500 delegates. Senator Teller has few
friends among the Democratic dele-
gates, and there is no possibility of his
nomination by the Chicago convention.
He will therefore be nominated by the
Populists and silver Republicans, who
claim that he will carry all the silver
states against any Democrat who can
be named.

SILVER IN ILLINOIS.

Democratic Delegates Go to Chicago
Instructed.

PEORIA, Ill., June 23.—The Dem-
ocratic convention to elect delegates to
Chicago met today. The platform de-
clares for free coinage in the first
plank. The money plank contains nearly
600 words, and denounces the bond
sharks of Wall street, and all gold
standard believers. It was loudly ap-
plauded. The next plank declares for
a tariff for revenue only and denounces
the McKinley law.

The national delegates to Chicago are
instructed to support only such candi-
dates as will be in sympathy with this
platform. The delegates at large are
also instructed to vote as a unit.

MORE SILVER DELEGATES.

Ohio Democrats Bring New Can-
didate in the Field.

COLUMBUS, O., June 24.—The Dem-
ocratic State convention adjourned to-
night after being in session contin-
uously all day. It was primarily a silver
convention, and secondarily for the
building of a boom for John R. McLean
for the presidential nomination at Chi-
cago. Of the 673 delegates 542 voted for
free silver and 618 for McLean. Three
men were mentioned by the delegates
as Ohio's favorites for the Chicago
nomination—McLean, Campbell and
Bookwalter. Ex-Governor Campbell had
been a favorite until the silver tidal
wave struck the State, but he was con-
sidered too conservative on the silver
question.

SILVER MEN OF COLORADO.

Plans for the State Convention in
Denver.

DENVER, Colo., June 24.—Seven
hundred delegates, representing every
county in the State, will constitute the
Colorado State convention of the Na-
tional Silver party, which will meet in
this city tomorrow. Seventy delegates
to the St. Louis National convention
will be elected, and resolutions indors-
ing Teller as a presidential candidate,
and in the event that he is not success-
ful, favoring his return to the United
States Senate, will be presented and
probably passed.

FOR SILVER AND MATTHEWS.

Indiana White Metallists Carry State
Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 24.—The Dem-
ocratic State convention was the larg-
est ever held in the State. The silver
men captured everything, instructing
their Chicago delegates to stand thro-
ugh and thin by the most extreme sil-
ver plank, and for the nomination of
Claude Matthews for the presidency.

Georgia Democrats for Silver.

MACON, Ga., June 24.—The caucus of
the silver men held in advance of the
State Democratic convention tonight
has practically settled the proceedings

of tomorrow's convention. According
to the caucus, everything goes the way
of the silver wing. The platform will
declare unqualifiedly for the free and
unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio
of 16 to 1.

Montana Solid for Silver.

BUTTE, Mont., June 2.—The Dem-
ocratic State convention met here this
morning. The chairman said the one
great issue before the people was the
free and unlimited coinage of silver at
a ratio of 16 to 1. The platform declares
for free silver.

Cure for Leprosy.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., June 21.—Mayor
C. M. Bowie of White Castle, La., has
written to Dr. Dolph of this city, who
claims to have discovered a cure for
leprosy, asking him to demonstrate his
cure at the leprosy hospital six miles
from White Castle. The doctor will
leave on Tuesday for that place. There
are about twenty patients slowly dying
of this disease at the hospital, the
mayor says, and the doctor assures him
that he can cure them.

Cornell Downs Harvard.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 24.—
Skill and hard pulling won the day for
Cornell's freshmen eight in the first of
the two big four-cornered university
boat races which took place this after-
noon. The shells finished in this order:
Cornell first, Harvard second by a
length, Pennsylvania third by three-
quarters of a length, Columbia fourth
by a full fifteen lengths. The official
time was 10:18, 10:22, 10:26½, 10:51
respectively.

Whitney Declines to Run.

NEW YORK, June 21.—William C.
Whitney today made public a statement
in which he defines the political situa-
tion, makes his position clear as re-
gards his decision to remain in this
country instead of going to Europe,
and concludes by saying that he is not
a presidential possibility; that "if nomi-
nated he would not run, and would not
serve if elected."

Stevenson Will Go to Chicago.

CAPE MAY, N. J., June 23.—Vice
President Stevenson, accompanied by
Mrs. Stevenson, Miss Stevenson and
Lewis Stevenson, arrived at the Stock-
ton Hotel this morning. Mr. Stevenson
will leave his family at the seashore
and attend the Chicago convention, re-
turning for a protracted stay.

CONSUL MILLS' STATEMENT.

Transmit Details of Miss Field's
Death to State Department.

Consul General Mills at Honolulu has
made a report to the State Department
in regard to the death of Miss Kate
Field, at Honolulu May 19 last, says
the Washington Star of recent date.
He says that early in the afternoon of
that day he received a message from
the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Co.
that Miss Field was dying at their
wharf. He reached there in a few
minutes and found Miss Field on board
the steamer W. G. Hall, which had just
arrived from the other islands of the
Hawaiian group. She was unconscious
and had been in that condition since
morning. Mr. Mills communicated with
the U. S. S. Adams and a detail of men
with a stretcher promptly responded
and the dying woman was carried to
the house of Dr. John S. McGrew,
where she expired in about half an
hour. The cause of death was pneu-
monia. The body of Miss Field was
embalmed and the following day was
placed in a vault.

Mr. Mills says he has communicated
by mail with Mr. H. H. Kohlhaas of
the Chicago Times-Herald and requested
advice from him as to the disposition
to be made of the remains and effects
of the deceased. He took this action
because he understood that Dr. Kohl-
haas is her nearest friend or relative.
He says he has taken charge of what
effects she had at Honolulu, and that
he will send an inventory of the same
when he can get them together. It is
said she left some baggage at Hilo,
Hawaii.

The consul general incloses a letter
from Dr. Vanderpool Adriaens of the
yacht Cornet, who was a passenger on
the W. G. Hall with Miss Field. Dr.
Adriaens says that the lady came
aboard the steamer at Kealahou bay
"She was very sick," he says, "and was
accompanied by Miss Paris of Kailua.
I was called to see her and found her
very sick with pneumonia. Miss Paris
left us at Kailua, and I stayed with
Miss Field during the night, adminis-
tering medicines, which I fortunately
had brought with me, but she did not
respond to stimulation except tempo-
rarily. At 2 a. m. of April 19 she chang-
ed so rapidly for the worse that I saw
there was no hope for her recovery.
From that time I only administered
stimulation with the hope of reaching
Honolulu before the end Captain
Simerson very kindly pushed the
steamer and we were at our wharf at
Honolulu by 1 p. m. Her pulse was
flickering and had it not been for your
(Mr. Mills') prompt response to the
telephone and rapid work in securing
the stretcher she would have died on
the ship. I wish to congratulate you
on the expedition with which you man-
aged her removal for she died only a
short time later. Your action allowed
her to die among friends at the home of
Dr. McGrew."

SIR JULIAN AND SECRETARY OLNEY.

British Ambassador Will Have a
Request to Consider.

AMERICANS WERE ARRESTED.

Matter May be Arbitrated—The Re-
quest in Olney's Terse Style—Gem
of the Series and Full of Impor-
tance—Not Officially Notified, Etc.

CARACAS, June 20.—The Govern-
ment today received reports from the
Venezuelan Consul at Madrid which
stated that the recent engagement be-
tween the British and Venezuelans on
the frontier of Guiana was not at
Barima, at the mouth of the Orinoco,
but that it occurred on the Guiní river.
The exact location is unknown, but
the Government has reason to suppose
that it was near the frontier post called
El Dorado, where there is also a British
station. These posts are situated near
the confluence of the Guiní and Guaruri
rivers.

MEETS BRITISH EMBASSADOR.

Secretary Olney Will Confer on Ven-
ezuela Affairs.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The Herald's
Washington correspondent says: Sec-
retary Olney, when he returns to the
State Department will receive from Sir
Julian Pauncefote, the British Em-
bassador, a request from the British Gov-
ernment to use his good offices with
Venezuela to secure release from im-
prisonment the crown surveyor, Mr.
Harrison, who is reported to have been
arrested by the Venezuelan police
while engaged in constructing a road
connecting Barima and Cuyuni rivers
in the disputed Guiana territory.

This action of Great Britain is con-
sidered as probably indicating consid-
erable progress toward an arbitration
agreement. While it is universally ad-
mitted that the new incident exceed-
ingly unfortunate, there is a diversity
of opinion in fixing the blame. The
British Government claim that the sur-
veying party had no authority to go
outside the territory occupied exclu-
sively by Englishmen for the last ten
years. No official knowledge of the ar-
rest has yet been received at the Ven-
ezuelan legation.

DOCUMENTS ON ARBITRATION.

Correspondence Between England and
America to be Published.

LONDON, June 24.—The St. James
Gazette this afternoon says Great Brit-
ain and the United States have agreed
to publish simultaneously within a
fortnight all the arbitration correspon-
dence exchanged between the govern-
ments of the two countries. The pub-
lication has been delayed pending the
arrival of Secretary Olney's latest com-
munication which was handed to Sir
Julian Pauncefote, British Embassa-
dor at Washington, early in the week.
It is in Olney's incisive style and forms
one of the most important documents
of the series.

The St. James Gazette further states
that no definite conclusions have been
reached yet, though considerable pro-
gress has been made toward a general
treaty of arbitration between the two
countries.

Tidal Wave on the North Coast.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 20.—A tidal
wave recently did considerable damage
along the west coast of this island, re-
ports of which were received by the
steamer Maude today. No lives were
lost.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The Adver-
sary tomorrow morning will say: In-
formation received in this city today
direct from the scene of the Cretan
revolution against Turkey, by Solon
Vileto, editor of the Greek newspaper
Atlantis, shows that the Turkish troops
are restoring to atrocities which equal
in point of bloodiness their terrible bar-
barities in the Armenian war.

According to these advices the Cre-
tan revolutionists, who now number
about 15,000 men, all well equipped, are
daily gaining in strength, and, with the
aid they are receiving from Greece, the
probabilities are that the Cretans will
be successful in gaining independence.

LONDON, June 24. Yale surprised
English oarsmen today by rowing over
half the regatta course in 3 25, which is
three seconds faster than New College
has done it, and four seconds better
than the Leander crew, the two fastest
English eights on the river. Yale's
stroke was thirty-five to the minute,
and New College rowed thirty-six and
Leander thirty-seven. New College
rowed under better conditions than did
Yale.

ECHOES FROM KONA AND KAU.

Dry Weather is Playing Havoc
With the Cane.

FOREST FIRES AT KAPAPALA.

Madame Pele and Dolloway in (shoots).
Kau Land Needs Fertilizers and
Steam Rollers—W. E. Rowell on Tour
of Inspection—Hile's Good Work.

The general cry in the Kona and Kau districts is "Rain, rain, and no more windy weather." Throughout these districts the cane is suffering greatly for the need of water, and in Kau people are beginning to fear a terrible drought, such as have been experienced there before. The wind has been blowing almost steadily for the last three or four weeks, helping along the work of drying up the vegetation.

Forest Fires.
The dryness of the grass was well shown by the forest fires near Kapapala Ranch, which, when the W. G. Hall left Punaluu at 8 a. m. Sunday, June 27th, were still raging and gave no immediate promise of cessation.

The two fires started on Thursday in places above but quite near to the ranch proper, were caused, one by the carelessness of some Chinamen working in the taro patches, and the other probably by some tramps. Julian Monsarrat and a gang of men were kept busy constantly, doing their best to prevent the further spread of the fires, which if allowed to go on would result disastrously for the forests. By 8 o'clock Saturday night Mr. Monsarrat had the fires pretty well in hand, but by no means entirely checked.

About the Volcano.
While at Punaluu a reporter of this paper happened to run across the Honorable "Jossless" Dolloway of the Half-Way House, who, after lighting his nicely blackened pipe, delivered himself as follows regarding the physical condition of Madame Pele, his bride-elect:

"Do you know that old Kilauea is smoking away fit to kill, and that Madame Pele is dancing a perfect can-can down below the surface? Why, you can put a green stick down between the cracks near the crater and in a little while it will be afire. Why, I often light my pipe in this manner in order to save matches. However, I have quit since I singed my mustache the other night and got too free a smell of sulphur."

That is one of the indications which tells me that there will soon be another outbreak. Here is another: Whenever I am hard up Pele shows herself and dances one of her fire dances. The tourists come flocking up to pay her a visit, and old Dolloway can replenish his ladder.

"Well, I'm hard up now, and just as sure as I'm alive Pele will shine forth again soon. Well, there's the Pahala Limited, and I must find a stray bolt on which to sit, for the cars are altogether too comfortable. Good bye!"

Kau Land Appraised.
Another man met with at Punaluu was W. Muller, the expert coffee grower of Kailua, who, together with Kaelmakule of the same place, had just finished the work of appraising certain Kau land not already settled on. Mr. Mueller was evidently either very weary or very much disgusted, for he spoke to the reporter as follows:

"Don't talk to me about Kau land. It would simply be a waste of time to try to do anything with the land we have just finished appraising. After going over all the land not already settled upon, we found that under layers of red and black dirt was a solid bed of a-a."

"Of course I looked at the land with particular reference to the raising of coffee. I wouldn't advise anyone to take up such land with that idea in view. And then the climate is not good. I am very much disgusted with the whole thing. To end up with, I have been unable to find any beer in Kau, and that certainly is one of the best signs of degeneration."

Tidal Wave Aftermath.
W. E. Rowell, Superintendent of Public Works, who went to Hawaii on the Hall last week, returned yesterday morning after making a complete examination of the wharves along the Kona and Kau coast which were injured by the recent tidal wave. He was very much gratified to find the damage not so great as reported and from different sources.

When the Hall left Kailua the wharf at that place had been all but completed. Repairs to the others along the Kona coast are just beginning.

The natives at Kailua treated the tidal wave as a great big joke, and laughed and talked throughout its progress, while most of the foreigners were standing on the high stone wall, shivering from fear.

Mr. Rowell furnished the following figures, obtained by actual measurement, of the heights reached by the water at various places along the Kona and Kau coast: Kailua, 8 feet; Keauhou, 11 feet; Hookeana, 7 feet, and Punaluu, 7 feet.

Regarding Sugar.
On Thursday, June 25th, Hilea mill turned out forty-five clarifiers, the best work done at that plantation during the present year.

Pahala mill has shut down for a short space on account of an accident to the boilers.

Other News.
The natives at Kailua are expecting the arrival of Queen Dowager Kapio-

land during the next fortnight. It is her intention to make quite a stay at that place.

Quite a joke was played on the Kau people by some one in Hilo last week. On Thursday night, June 25th, a telephone message was received at Punaluu that McKinley had been nominated. It was taken for granted that some steamer had arrived in Honolulu and that the news had left immediately. Now there are quite a number of people searching for one lone individual.

Not to be Left.

Thursday morning, just as the steamer Waialeale, bound for Punaluu and Honuapo, Hawaii, was passing the missionary packet Morning Star, anchored off port, she blew three whistles. This being unexpected, the officers of the latter vessel were at a loss what to do for a moment. Steam was not available on the instant, and while one man went below to make the necessary preparations, the second officer, seeing that the Waialeale was quickly passing, got out the fog horn and stood in the door of the wheel house, and bobbing out like the cuckoo in a cuckoo clock, gave three blasts. This originality was greatly appreciated by the Waialeale men. Steam being available by this time, the usual three whistles were given in answer to the salute of the Waialeale.

EARTH WORMS GALORE.

Come to the Surface, Die and Dry up
in the Kau District.

Thought to Have Been Caused by Volcanic Disturbances Which Gave Rise to the Tidal Wave.

A most peculiar incident has just come to light, and which is considered by natives along in the vicinity of Kapapala Ranch and the road to the volcano in the Kau district to have been caused by volcanic conditions which gave rise to the occurrence of the tidal wave along the shores of these islands. About a week previous to this it was found in the localities already mentioned that thousands upon thousands of earth worms such as are used for fishing were seen to come to the surface, expire, and dry up quickly. For miles around, this peculiar phenomena was noticed and the effect upon the natives who are of a naturally superstitious turn of mind was summed up in the thought that some dire calamity was about to visit the islands. Never had anything of the kind been seen before.

Finding this peculiar phenomena to take place in the vicinity of the volcano alone, people naturally supposed that it was due to some volcanic action and that the result would either be an outbreak extraordinary or a tidal wave. The latter proved to be a realization which brought with it the most unpleasant of recollections to the old inhabitants, who called up the last tidal wave which devastated homes and tore babes from the breasts of their mothers without the least sign of a warning.

That there must have been some extraordinary condition of the earth in the vicinity of the volcano at the time of the appearance of these earth worms at the surface of the earth goes without question, but just what this was cannot of course be stated. That these worms died and dried up so quickly seems to give room for the belief on the part of some that there were peculiar conditions of the earth in the vicinity of the volcano on Hawaii, which was at that time in sympathy with the cause of the tidal wave on some other part of the globe.

OPIUM ON LANAI.

Native Fishermen Discover it While on a Fishing Trip Saturday.

During the stay of the steamer W. G. Hall at Lahaina last Monday night it was learned that on Saturday, while four natives were fishing on the coast of Lanai, just where the steamer Lehua chartered to test her powers as a man-of-war, was wont to cruise after opium, some thirty-one tins of this drug were found.

The men debated for quite a while as to what should be done with the opium. Good judgment prevailed, and information was given Sheriff Baldwin at Lahaina, who, accompanied by the fishermen as guides, set out for the place reported upon. Up to the time of departure of the steamer the party had not returned. So that full particulars were not forthcoming.

Last summer one of our grandchildren was sick with a severe bowel trouble. Our doctor's remedies had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. We regard it as the very best medicine ever put on the market for bowel complaints.—Mrs. E. C. Gregory, Fredericktown, Mo. This certainly is the best medicine ever put on the market for dysentery, summer complaint, colic and cholera infantum in children. It never fails to give prompt relief when used in reasonable time and the plain printed directions are followed. Many mothers have expressed their sincere gratitude for the cures it has effected. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for H. I.

Notice of Sale Under Decree of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Judicial Circuit, Republic of Hawaii.
Equity. S. M. DAMON, J. H. FISHER and H. E. WATTS, Copartners under the firm name of Baby's and Company, Plaintiffs vs. ORVILLE BROWN, Administrator with the will annexed of the Estate of Walter Murray Gibson, deceased under said will, and JANE WALKER, Executrix under the will of J. E. Walker, deceased, and H. E. McINTYRE, in his own behalf, and as Executor of the will of said J. E. Walker, Defendants. The following is a copy of the decree of the court in the above entitled suit, made on the 11th day of June, 1896, and is hereby given to the public for their information: That the property hereunder described will be sold at public auction at the Court House (Allohi Hale) in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, on WEDNESDAY, August 26th, at 12 o'clock Noon, said sale to be confirmed by said Circuit Court.

LIST OF THE PROPERTY.
(1)
The following in said Honolulu located makai of the Executive Building, west of the Judiciary Building, adjoining the Opera House and having a frontage on King, Mililani and Queen Streets, described as follows:

Frontage on King Street 161.5 feet; on west side of the Opera House 128 feet; on the rear (makai) end of the Opera House 79 feet; on Mililani street 281 feet, from the end of the Opera House to Queen Street; thence on Queen Street 242.3 feet; thence from Queen Street to King Street 382.2 feet with a right of way 4.7 feet wide from Richard Street into lot and containing an area of 14,912.55 sq. feet more or less. The above described property consisting:

First.—Of all those parcels of land on King Street in Honolulu, comprising the homestead of said W. M. Gibson mentioned in deed of Chas. T. Gulick, Administrator, dated January 5th, 1882, of record in Liber 70, folio 418.

Second.—That parcel of land in the rear of Music Hall in Honolulu, mentioned in deed from G. W. Keawemahua to W. M. Gibson, dated Jan. 8th, 1884, of record in Liber 87, folio 229.

Third.—Those parcels of land on Queen Street in Honolulu, described in Royal Patent 6778, Apana 1, L. C. A. 8515 and in Royal Patent 3566, L. C. A. 6428B, mentioned in deed from A. J. Cartwright, Executor to W. M. Gibson, dated April 1st, 1886, of record in Liber 98, folios 164-166.

Fourth.—Those parcels of land on Queen Street in Honolulu, mentioned in mortgage from Kalo and Kalaina to B. Borres, dated August 26th, 1878, of record in Liber 55, folios 450-452.

(2)
Also: All the following property in Lahaina, Island of Maui:

First.—That parcel of land at Lahaina known as the Pa Halekauuni mentioned in deed of Emma Kalele nalani and others to W. M. Gibson dated May 13th, 1884, of record in Liber 92, folio 62.

Second.—That parcel of land at Lahaina being a part of L. C. A. 2320 mentioned in deed from Kila Kalo to W. M. Gibson dated Nov. 4, 1879, of record in Liber 62, folio 102.

Third.—Those parcels of land at Lahaina described in L. C. A. 8519B, Royal Patent 1876, and in Royal Patent 1196.

(3)
Also: All of the property on the Island of Lanai forming part of the Lanai Kanoh, located, belonging to the Estate of W. M. Gibson, and consisting of the following property, to-wit:

First.—All that tract of land, known as the Ahupuaa of Paiawai, containing 5897 1-10 acres, described in Royal Patent No. 7093, and in deed from L. Haaleka, Liber 46, folios 264 and 465.

Second.—All that tract of land known as the Ahupuaa of Kealahakapu, containing 1829 acres, described in Royal Patent 744 conveyed to said W. M. Gibson by deed of J. O. Dominis, Guardian, dated March 9, 1867, of record in Liber 23, folio 167.

Third.—All that tract of land, known as the Ahupuaa of Maunaloa, containing 3442.38 acres, described in Royal Patent 6775, conveyed to said W. M. Gibson by deed of A. J. Cartwright, executor above named.

Fourth.—All that tract of land described in Royal Patent 3045, containing 128 acres, conveyed to said W. M. Gibson by deed of William Picher, dated September 27, 1876, of record in Liber 43, folio 359.

Fifth.—All of those tracts of land described in Royal Patent 3029, containing an area of 236.68 acres, and all the title conveyed by deed of Kelehuia and others to W. M. Gibson, dated August 20, 1876, of record in Liber 46, folio 330, and in deed of Kealahakapu to W. M. Gibson, dated December 7, 1877, of record in Liber 51, folio 320, and in deed from Kealahakapu to W. M. Gibson, dated August 23, 1879, of record in Liber 46, folio 329.

Sixth.—All those parcels of land conveyed to said W. M. Gibson by deed of Eilama Pashao and another, dated November 27, 1886, recorded in Liber 116, folio 33, and described in Land Commission Award 8556, Royal Patent 5137, containing 39 acres more or less.

Seventh.—All that land described in Royal Patent Grant 296, containing 527 1-10 acres, conveyed to W. M. Gibson, by Punaluu, by deed dated April 24, 1864, of record in Liber 20, folio 24.

Eighth.—All that land described in Land Commission Award 3417 B, conveyed by Kanaka and others to W. M. Gibson by deed dated March 7, 1865, recorded in Liber 19, folio 274.

Ninth.—All that land described in Land Commission Award 16138, containing 772 1-10 acres, conveyed by Kanaka to W. M. Gibson, by deed dated June 2, 1867, of record in Liber 19, page 407.

ing 7973 acres, expiring November 1, 1907, annual rental \$100, payable semi-annually in advance.

Fourth.—Lease No. 270 of Kanoia, containing 7600 acres, expiring February 9, 1907, annual rental \$250, payable semi-annually in advance.

Fifth.—All other leaseholds on the Island of Lanai, held by W. M. Gibson on the 31st day of August 1887, so far as the same may be assigned without incurring any forfeiture.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.
The sheep, cattle and horses belonging to the said estate of W. M. Gibson depasturing on said Island of Lanai, numbering 24,000 sheep, more or less, 550 cattle, more or less, 200 horses, more or less, also all wool presses, wagons, carts, harnesses, tools, implements, chattels, household furniture and effects belonging to the estate of W. M. Gibson situated on said Island of Lanai.

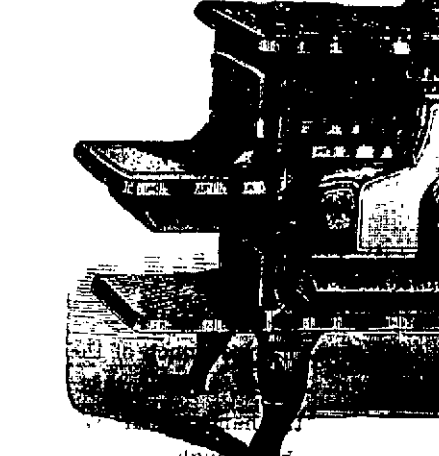
OTHER PROPERTY.
First.—Mortgage from Kila Nabalaina to said W. M. Gibson, dated March 15, 1887, of record in Liber 108 folios 55-57, to secure the sum of \$1000, and also the note and debt secured thereby.

Second.—Mortgage from Kalo and Kalaina to Mrs. B. Borres, dated August 29, 1878, of record in Liber 55 folios 450-452, to secure the sum of \$500, and also the note and debt secured thereby assigned to W. M. Gibson by assignment of record in Liber 105, folio 189.

TERMS OF SALE, ETC.
The property comprising the Lanai Ranch will be sold as a whole after the Maui and Honolulu properties.

The land of Kalulu on the Island of Lanai, now held by the estate of W. M. Gibson as tenant-at-will, will be turned over to the purchaser of the Lanai property without charge.

All purchases at the above sale to be cash in U. S. Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchasers.
Maps of the property to be sold can be seen at the Hawaiian Safe Deposit and Investment Company, 408 Fort Street, Honolulu, and for further information apply to the undersigned.
P. C. JONES, Receiver.
Office with the Hawaiian Safe Deposit and Investment Company.
Dated Honolulu, May 26, 1896.



Wrought Steel Ranges, Chilled Iron Cooking Stoves
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS:

Agate Ware (White, Gray and Nickel-plated), Pumps, Water and Soil Pipes, Water Closets and Urinals, Rubber Hose and Lawn Sprinklers, Bath Tubs and Steel Sinks, O. S. Gutters and Leaders, Sheet Iron Copper, Zinc and Lead, Lead Pipe and Pipe Fittings.

PLUMBING, TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WORK.
Diamond Block. 75-79 King Street.

**Still They Come
= Still They Go.**

What Come?
New Goods by every Steamer, crisp and fresh from the factory, purchased for spot cash, by experienced buyers and personally selected.

What Go?
Our Boots and Shoes from Niihau to Hawaii by every steamer, all over, everywhere.

What Now?
Wide awake buyers make their purchases where they get the best treatment and the best and largest stock to select from. Fine goods for a little money.

What Next?
It is a broad gauge policy in all things that make

The Manufacturers' Shoe Co.,
Successful Above All Others. Fort Street.

Bona Fide Closing Out Sale!

Gents' Furnishing Goods

COST PRICES!

We have decided to close out our entire stock of gents' furnishing goods. Shall not handle them any more.

We intend to devote our entire time to our increasing MERCHANT TAILORING BUSINESS.

Now is the time to purchase underwear, neckwear, shirts and hosiery at cost prices.

H. S. TREGLOAN & SON
FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

C. HUSTACE,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer
LINCOLN BLOCK, KING ST.
Family, Plantation and Ship Stores
Supplied at Short Notice
New Goods by every Steamer, crisp and fresh from the factory, purchased for spot cash, by experienced buyers and personally selected.

CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED
Blood Mixture
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scrofula.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Cures the Blood from all Impure Matter From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS
From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, the each sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS, THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND CURETTS DRESS COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

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Blood Mixture

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Established 1836.

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Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company

OF BERLIN.

GENERAL DIMOND

LAID AT REST.

Civic and Military Parade at Funeral.

FLORAL DECORATIONS SUPERB.

Honors to the Distinguished Citizen.
General Warfield in Procession.
Salutes Fired at Fort Point—Very Large Crowd Attend the Services.

The funeral of the late Major-General William H. Dimond took place in San Francisco on June 24th from the First Presbyterian Church, the remains being escorted and laid at rest with the pomp due his rank in Laurel Hill Cemetery.

As early as noon Van Ness avenue from California to Clay streets was crowded with people, and it was almost a physical impossibility for any more people to gain admission to the church after the body arrived.

The chancel was hidden from view by floral tributes. The general's staff sent a pillar of sweet peas over two feet in height. The Third Brigade, N.G.C., sent an immense shield of vari-colored plinks. George H. Thomas Post, G. A. R., sent a broken wheel of lilies and roses. The private offerings required three wagons to convey them to the grave.

The weighty metallic casket, draped with the American flag, was carried into church by six stalwart sergeants of the Third Brigade. Preceding it were Rev. Dr. McKenzie and Rev. E. H. Jenks, assistant pastor of the church.

The honorary pall-bearers representing military, social, civic and other organizations in which deceased was most prominent, were as follows: Major-General Walter Turnbull, retired officers of N. G. C.; Brigadier-General M. W. Muller, commanding division; Colonel F. S. Chadbourne, Governor's staff; Colonel A. E. Castle, division staff; Lieutenant-Colonel B. H. Peppy, division staff; Major Hansen, Second Brigade staff; T. H. Goodman, G. A. R.; C. Wilson, Colonel W. Edwards, Golden Gate Commandery, Knights Templar; A. Cheesborough, United States Judge Morrow, H. G. Platt, W. F. Good; Acting Major C. L. Taylor, H. T. Scott, Chamber of Commerce; E. W. Hopkins, F. W. Zeile, C. R. Bishop, Ignatz Steinhart, W. W. Montague, Board of Trade; Colonel A. D. Cutter, George H. Thomas Post, G. A. R.; E. F. Deiger, Occidental Lodge, F. A. M., and J. Nield, A. O. U. W.

The immediate mourners, Mrs. Jarboe and Mrs. J. Tobin, both daughters of the deceased, his two sons, Harry and Edward, and his son-in-law, Joseph Tobin, followed the casket.

After prayers by Rev. Dr. McKenzie, who officiated, and the regular services that reverend gentleman said: "Words of eulogy can be fittingly spoken on an occasion like this, but a request is made that they be not prolonged, but rather that they be short and few. While we all know that on an occasion like this there is a certain right of the public community to invade the privacy of the domestic home, I will accede to the request in so much as a brief eulogy is concerned."

"It is not always words that express the most. There is more than words can express as a eulogy over the remains of our departed friend in the presence here today of the business men and leaders in every honorable path of life. The body of citizens, leaving their places of business at midday to pay their respects to the deceased, by their silence and sorrow eulogize the dead more than they could in words."

At the conclusion of the church services the funeral cortege left the church and was preceded down Van Ness avenue to the cemetery by the Third Brigade Band playing Chopin's Marche Funebre. The entire brigade followed. Then came Colonel Burns at the head of the Veteran Guards, G. A. R. Corps of muffled drums slowly rolled their sorrowful music at the head of the Naval Battalion. Captain Douglass headed the Veteran Firemen.

The casket, draped with the American flag, rested on the truck of a gun-carriage hauled by six horses.

General Dimond's unmounted steed, draped in black, followed the remains of his late master. Further back came private carriages reaching far in the rear.

At the end of Bush street General Warfield ordered the military to form in line. Captain J. Cunningham's Company K, the special escort, fired three volleys as the casket was lowered into the grave.

During the obsequies the soldiers at Fort Point fired a salute of thirteen guns intervals of ten seconds.

Bananas as Food.

William C. Ussery, M. D., of St. Louis, says that the best food for those suffering from typhoid fever is the banana. In this disease, he explains, the lining membrane of the small intestines becomes intensely inflamed and engorged. Eventually it begins sloughing away in spots, leaving well defined ulcers. At these places the intestinal walls become dangerously thin. A solid food, if taken into the stomach, is likely to produce perforation of the intestines, and dire results will follow. Therefore solid

foods or foods containing a large quantity of nutritious substances are dangerous and are to be avoided. The banana, although it may be classed as a solid food, containing as it does 95 per cent of nutrition, does not possess sufficient waste to irritate these sore spots. Nearly the whole amount taken into the stomach is absorbed, and gives the patient more strength than can be obtained from other food.

NAT GOODWIN, ACTOR.

Was a Passenger on Alameda. Seeing the Sights.

Nat C. Goodwin, who is perhaps the greatest comedian in the United States, next to Joseph Jefferson, was a passenger on the Alameda, en route to the Colonies, where, with his company of twenty people, he will give performances.

Mr. Goodwin's success in the United States has been phenomenal, and he goes to the antipodes for another world to conquer. It is to be regretted that arrangements could not have been made for a performance here, but Mr. Goodwin preferred to see the sights. It is possible the company will return to the United States via Honolulu, in which case the company will act.

In Mr. Goodwin's company is Miss Emily Melville, the well known singer. This was a surprise to many of her friends, as Miss Melville's triumphs and work heretofore have been in opera. She has, however, always best liked and been most successful in those operatic characters which were good acting parts. Miss Melville made her debut as an amateur in "Pinafore." She stepped into the professional ranks in the same opera. Afterward she took the place of Clara Louise Kellogg and sang in "Madame Favart," "The Royal Midway" and other operas.

About thirteen years ago she went to Australia, and since then has been in nearly all parts of the world. She was for some time in South Africa and established an academy in Johannesburg. She returned to California last September, arriving there from London after a continental operatic tour.

MR. PANGBORN'S RECORD

Helped to Nominate Abraham Lincoln in 1860.

One of the Men to Form the Republican Party—Has Made Addresses for Years.

The public attending the literary exercises at Independence Park on Saturday will have an opportunity to listen to a speech by one of the organizers of the Republican party, Z. K. Pangborn, of Jersey City. Besides this he was one of the men whose vote was cast in the convention for the immortal Lincoln in 1860. Mr. Pangborn has been making speeches on Fourth of July celebrations for more than twenty years, but he has never found it necessary to introduce politics into his subject. When it is known that he was one of the men who nominated President Lincoln, the interest in his remarks will be increased.

In appearance, Mr. Pangborn is a triple below the average in height and closely resembles Charles A. Dana, of the New York Sun. He is the President and Manager of the Jersey City Printing Works, a Company that does the third largest business in the United States, turning out a half million sheets a day and employing three hundred men.

Last January, after forty-five years as editor, Mr. Pangborn sold his interest in the Jersey City Times and put all of his energies to his printing works. A few months ago, with his wife, he decided to go through the West and visit Hawaii. The invitation to address the people tomorrow was as unexpected as it was pleasant to him and those who know the distinguished gentleman as a writer and speaker. His remarks generally are a combination of good sound sense with a little humor thrown in. The committee was fortunate in securing the gentleman on the occasion of the celebration of the independence of the country.

Birthday Party.

To commemorate her birthday Miss Mae Weir gave a reception to about thirty of her friends at the Myrtle Boat House on Monday evening. There was elegant music for the occasion, and the boathouse was brilliantly illuminated. The dance program contained fourteen numbers and several extras.

About 10 o'clock there was a bountiful supply of good things served the guests, and the dance continued.

The following ladies and gentlemen did honor to the young lady:

Mrs. A. K. Weir, Mr. and Mrs. Keech, Mr. and Mrs. H. Williams, Mrs. James Devlin, Mrs. Gertz, Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Sanders, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Scott, Mrs. William A. McKay (Maui), Mrs. Giles, Misses Nicholson, Gurney (2), King (2), Lily Love, McLain, Hattie McGuire, Maggie McKriston, Giles, Messrs. H. Z. Austin, Love, Geo. Angus, Hapal, J. Jones, W. Wall, D. Dawson, H. Giles, McChesney, A. Jones, Fred Angus, Von Ham, E. E. Mossman, A. C. Wall, Liversay and Leonard.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured colds, croup and whooping cough. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale at all druggists and dealers. H. I. Smith & Co., Agents for H. I.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair,
—DR—
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free
from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
In all the great Hotels, the leading
restaurants and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream
Baking Powder holds its supremacy.
40 Years the Standard.
LEWIS & CO.,
AGENTS, HONOLULU, H. I.

THEACHERS MEETING.
The Tonic Sol Fa at Lihue Meets
With Success.
Some Good Results of Earnest Teaching—Violin Playing That
Was Appreciated.

LIHUE (Kauai), June 30.—On Saturday evening, the 30th, there was held at the Lihue Native Church a most enjoyable concert, the object of the entertainment being to show the parents of the school children and other visitors what could be done by the use of the Tonic Sol Fa system.

The chief promoter of the concert was J. B. Alexander, the efficient principle of the Lihue Government School, who was ably assisted by Mrs. Alexander and Mrs. Lindemann.

The best feature of interest was the really remarkable part singing of the school children, who rendered some of the most difficult songs in a very pleasing manner. The parts throughout were well sustained and everyone was astonished at the well modulated voices, which seemed to be under the perfect control of Mr. Alexander, who acted as conductor throughout the concert.

Mention must not be omitted of the brilliant violin playing of Mr. Constable, whose performance was a treat and a revelation to most of the audience. By special request, Mr. Constable was kind enough to give the audience another treat in the second part, which was much appreciated.

The financial results of the concert were very satisfactory, and with the amount collected it is intended to start the nucleus of a school library.

Mr. Alexander is to be most heartily congratulated on the success of his undertaking. Following is the program:

Part I.
Piano Duet—March Schubert
Mrs. Lindemann and Mrs. Alexander.
Anthem—Lord Thy Tender Mercies' Sake Farrant
Solo—Robin Adair Ford
Madrigal—Since First I Saw Ford
Lihue School Choir.
Vocal Trio—Breathe Soft, Ye Winds. Paxton
Mrs. Lindemann, Mrs. Alexander,
Mr. Alexander.
Violin Solo—Hungarian Dance Mr. Constable.
Part Song—Hunter's Farewell Mendelssohn
Solo—Last Rose of Summer Chorus—We Rock Away
Lihue School Choir.

Part II.
Piano Duet—Scene from Pastoral Symphony Beethoven
Mrs. Lindemann and Mrs. Alexander.
Part Song—When for Me J. S. Curwen
Solo—The Two Flowers Mendelssohn
Part Song—Departure Mendelssohn
Lihue School Choir.
Quartette—Spring Song Pinsuti
Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Lindemann,
Mr. De Lacy, Mr. Alexander.
Piano Solo—Concerto Weber
Mrs. Lindemann.
Part Song—Blue Bells of Scotland Lihue School Choir.
Vocal Solo—Fair is My Love Hatton
Mr. Alexander.
Chorus—Hallelujah (Messiah) Handel
Lihue School Choir.

TROVATORE OR BUST.
Mrs. Montague Turner Denies That the Opera is Withdrawn.

In the Star yesterday there appeared an item to the effect that Mrs. Turner had decided to abandon her intention to produce "Il Trovatore" at the opening of the Opera House. The statement is without foundation.

Mrs. Turner stated last night that the item was published without any authority from her, and that instead of the opera being abandoned the members of the company are working very hard every day under her direction. The opera will be produced in September.

POLICE COURT NOTES.
Captain Cook Fined \$500 and Costs for Selling Spirituous Liquor.

Chang Chun Sing pleaded guilty to the charge of publishing and putting into circulation a certain newspaper containing obscene descriptions. Sentenced to pay a fine of \$250 and costs.

In the case of Tang Chun, Chun Moon and Chai, for failing to register with the Minister of the Interior, a nolle prosequi was entered and defendants discharged.

"Captain" Cook, formerly of the mounted patrol, was found guilty of selling spirituous liquors without a license, and sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 and costs.

H. G. Trobber was found guilty of violating Section 42a of Act 36, P. G. Laws, relating to drinking of spirituous liquors. Sentence suspended.

VISIT TO WAIANAE.
Party of Tourists Visit the Plantations on O. R. & L. Co.'s Line.

As guests of B. F. Dillingham on a jaunt to Waianae yesterday Dr. and Mrs. Rouse, Dr. and Mrs. Cochran, Dr. and Mrs. Kellogg and daughter, Hugo A. Fisher, Mr. Covell, Dr. Emerson and wife, Henry C. White, Rud Horn, E. Mott-Smith, Mrs. W. F. Frear, Miss Any Paty and B. F. Dillingham left on a special train yesterday for Waianae.

Arriving at the station they were met by Judge Widemann, who conducted them to every place of interest on the plantation, visiting the mill, the fields and the extensive pumping plant. On returning to the station a bountiful dinner was had and afterwards Judge Widemann provided carriages and the guests were driven to places of interest where the plantation railway did not go.

Afterward the guests went by special train to Ewa and visited the mill there. Later a visit to the peninsula was made, and when the vast improvements had been examined the party returned to town. A delicious cold lunch was served in Mr. Dillingham's private car.

The appeal of the Hawaiian Tramway Company against the decision of the lower court in the suit brought by S. M. Ballou was heard by the Supreme Court yesterday.

MARINE TROUBLES.
Captain L. Anderson of the Oceania Vance Asked for His Resignation.

New Master Arrived by the Alameda Yesterday and Will Assume Command Immediately.

There have been some very queer goings on aboard the American schooner Oceania Vance, which arrived recently from Newcastle, and the result of the whole matter is that Captain Anderson is now looking for a job on another vessel, and Captain Dart, who arrived from San Francisco by the Alameda yesterday, has been put in possession of all the ship's papers and will assume control immediately.

The primary cause for relieving Captain Anderson of command of the Oceania Vance was some trouble in regard to coal, and the secondary cause that he brought certain women to this port from Newcastle. Wilder & Co., who are agents for the schooner, have considered the matter well and are sure that the course they are pursuing is a good one.

It was learned that orders had come from the captain yesterday that the first officer should sever his connection with the vessel. The agents sent word to the first officer that he finish up the day's work. It is very probable that he will continue in his present position.

Captain Dart, the new master, went aboard the schooner yesterday and had a good look at her.

Hotel Arrivals.
Hawaiian—E. Erneler, Berlin, Germany; Fred H. Hayselden, Lanai; Robert Halstead, Waiakoa; J. B. Trevn and wife, Cincinnati; R. S. Whitney and wife, Boston; Wilmet Grant Pierce and wife, St. Paul; N. Schultz, Honolulu; Mrs. R. Halstead, Waiakoa.

Arlington—J. H. Burkett, Koloa; C. W. Backeberg, Paaulo; Geo. W. McLennon, Paaulo; Wm. Stoddort, Maui; A. N. Hayselden, Lahaina; A. Bruce, Lihue, Kauai.

IN CUSTOM HOUSE CIRCLES.

Beginning with today H. Zerbe, who has been a most efficient inspector in the Customs Department, will commence his duties as assistant appraiser, which is a promotion that all his friends will be glad to hear of. In consequence, Inspector John Kallberg, A. Schmendon and Elvin will go one step further up the ladder. W. Friel and W. Needham have been appointed guards.

Pacific Coast Arrivals.

The following vessels have arrived at Pacific coast ports from ports on the Hawaiian Islands: June 20—O. & O. S. S. City of Rio de Janeiro, Ward, 8 days and 26 minutes from Honolulu. June 22—Am. bk. Mohican, Saunders, 28 days from Honolulu. June 23—Haw. str. Kahului, Tyson, 13 days from Kahului, and Am. Schr. Muriel, Carlsen, 26 days from Honolulu. June 24—Am. brig. Cusnelo, Ellis, 26 days from Mahukona.

In the Police Court yesterday morning Manual Perry withdrew his plea of not guilty and plead guilty to the charge of unlawful possession of opium and was fined \$250 and costs.

CHANGES AMONG GOVERNMENT MEN.

John Cassidy Made Superintendent of Electric Lights.

FRED WATERHOUSE IN BUSINESS.

Retires From Government Service. Partner in Large Firm—Mr. Cassidy's Long Service With Telephone Companies—Has Studied Electricity.

Changes Unexpected by the public took place in the Government Electric Light management and Mutual Telephone Company yesterday. Fred Waterhouse resigned his position at the station and is succeeded by John Cassidy, who for years has been at the head of the telephone business in Honolulu.

The position is not a new one to Mr. Cassidy, as he filled it acceptably for several years prior to the economical streak of the Legislature, which reduced the salary and put a clause in the appropriation item providing that the person should devote his entire time to the performance of the duties. When the bill was signed Mr. Cassidy promptly tendered his resignation and Fred Waterhouse was appointed to the position. Since then Mr. Cassidy has devoted all of his time to the Mutual Telephone Co.

Mr. Waterhouse takes a position as a member of the firm of J. T. Waterhouse, with his brothers John, Ernest and George.

Mr. Cassidy has been in the telephone business here almost since it started. He was Superintendent of the old Bell Company during its existence, and when the consolidation with the Mutual Company took place he was made manager and has conducted the business satisfactorily.

He resigns a good paying position for one with less salary, for the reason that he is more deeply interested in the study of electric lighting and with but that on his mind and to occupy his time he proposes to give Honolulu the best system of arc lighting possible. Unless there should be objections from the Government it is probable he will have the lights burn a greater number of nights in the month than has been the custom. Complaints have been frequent regarding the lights being put out on supposedly moonlight nights, but when the clouds effectually obscured the moon. Whenever it is possible in the future he will have the lights burn on moonlight nights when the clouds are thick.

A meeting of the directors of the telephone company will be held today if Mr. Irwin is in the city, and a successor to Mr. Cassidy will be appointed.

"GIVE US A LAMP."
So Say the People Engaged at the Boat Landing.

Present State of Affairs is Positively Dangerous—Some One Might Bark His Shins.

Complaint comes from the boat landing near Brewer & Co.'s wharf regarding lights, or rather absence of lights, at that place. The matter has often been spoken of before and the danger sufficiently emphasized, but no attention whatever has been paid to it.

It was again called forcibly to mind by an incident Wednesday night. Several officers of the Zaragoza were walking down to the landing to take a boat to go aboard their ship. They arrived at the landing and, being strangers, kept on walking until they arrived at the steps. One or two fell over, but fortunately were not precipitated into the water.

The cause of the mishap is just here: After walking down under the rays of a brilliant electric light at the turn, they were met with the darkness rendered totally so by the contrast.

Even one little insignificant kerosene oil lamp suspended from a rafter of the landing shed would be a blessing and perhaps prevent accidents that may be dangerous.

LOWERING THE RECORD.
Alex. McDonnell Makes a Mile on a Viking in 2:17.

Alex. B. McDonnell, the world's champion road bicyclist, accompanied by his manager, H. G. Kahlo, passed through the Alameda yesterday. Mr. McDonnell is called the "Unpaced King" in the United States from the fact that he has made all of his records without being paced. His five-mile time is 8:41; 25 miles, 51:55; 50 miles, in 2 hours, 2 minutes and 19 seconds, and 100 miles in 4:40:09. The five mile record exceeds anything made on a bicycle by any rider in the world.

During his short stay Mr. McDonnell, joined by the local riders, went to Kapiolani Park for the purpose of making an effort to lower the mile record. It was arranged that Dexter and Angus should pace McDonnell for a half mile, then to ride a tandem while he would ride a Viking. The pace was all right for an eighth of a mile, but at the end of a quarter the boys gave out under the fast riding and gave up, and Mr.

McDonnell took the start alone and finished the mile in 2:17, lowering the record here twelve seconds. After the trial the boys adjourned to a watermelon patch in the neighborhood and feasted on the fruit.

Messrs. McDonnell and Kahlo will remain in Australia for about eighteen months and then continue around the world.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The Amy Turner will sail from New York about September 1.
Paia paid a 16 per cent dividend on Tuesday, and Haku 12 per cent.

In the neighborhood of 4,000 letters and 7,000 papers arrived by the Alameda yesterday.

President and Mrs. Dole will hold a public reception at the Executive building on Saturday, from 10 to 11:45 a. m.

The opera house front presents a very much improved appearance since the stucco has been placed and the portico erected.

Rev. Sereno Bishop fell from his horse yesterday and broke his collar bone. Dr. Miner is attending the reverend gentleman.

W. H. Corwell, Jr., and his sister, Miss Blanche Corwell, arrived home by the Alameda yesterday afternoon. Both have enjoyed their stay in the States.

Elizabeth Bourne Waterhouse has made over all the stock and merchandise in the business carried on by the late John T. Waterhouse to her sons, F. T. P., E. C., John and G. S. Waterhouse.

When Major George Potter returned from his hunting trip on Sunday he brought with him a pair of brown kids. They were found in the Waianae mountains and were perfectly tame twenty-four hours after.

Fred. T. P. Waterhouse, Ernest C. Waterhouse, John Waterhouse and George S. Waterhouse have formed a co-partnership under the firm name of John T. Waterhouse, to conduct a general merchandise and commission business.

At a meeting of Excelsior Lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., last night, the following officers were elected: L. W. Hough, noble grand; W. J. White, vice grand; L. L. La Pierre, secretary; A. K. Weir, treasurer. Installation next Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. C. Blake of Alameda, Cal., friends of Captain Soule, were passengers on the bark Martha Davis from San Francisco yesterday. They came down on a pleasure trip and intend to return on the Martha Davis to San Francisco whenever she is ready to go.

Captain Whitney, the reliable night watchman at the pilot's office, on the Pacific Mail wharf, was given notice that on Tuesday, June 30th, his services would no longer be required, since there was no provision in the Appropriation bill for the salary of a night watchman.

If you are a sportsman and are in need of complete or partial outfit of sporting requisites, Castle & Cooke have got what will suit you. The latest and best in powder, "smokeless," "Hazard's" or "Cabinet," extra finish chilled shot, "Nitro" and "Black" club shells, "U. M. C." primers, "cardboard," "Black Edge" and "White Felt" wads, filled or unfilled cartridges. These goods have just come to hand per bark Martha Davis, and are consequently fresh and reliable.

The Oahu Lumber and Building Company, Ltd., has been incorporated with a capital of \$50,000, with the privilege of increasing it to \$100,000. This is the first Chinese business corporation in these islands. Mr. Lee Chu, the president and manager, has been in business in Honolulu for many years and has many friends, and no doubt will meet with the success his business enterprise deserves.

Mr. Paul M. Weber.

All Run Down
Always Tired, Sleepless and Without Appetite

Blood Vitalized and Strength Renewed by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass."
"For a couple of years, I was subject to feelings anything but good. I always felt that I could not sleep at night and the little I could eat did not seem to benefit me any."

I Did Not Have Any Ambition
to go around or work and in fact was not able to do a good day's work. I happened to pick up a circular embracing advertisements and testimonials for Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after reading them decided to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial. I have taken five bottles and must say that I have derived wonderful benefit from it and

Feel Like a New Man.
I would recommend it to all sufferers and would urge them not to hesitate but to decide to go to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. PAUL M. WEBER, 1112 North Third St., Lowell, Massachusetts.

Hood's Pills are sold by all druggists and are in action. Sold by all druggists.

HOBBON DRUG COMPANY,
Wholesale Agents.

NEWSAPPERARCHIVE

WATER POWER OF ISLAND OF OAHU.

Prof. Maxwell Gives Some Valuable Information.

POSSIBLE SUGAR PRODUCTION.

(Can be Increased Three Fold—Scientific Study of Terrestrial Conditions. Water Running to Waste—Opportunity for Development, Etc.)

Usually the term "water-power" is used to express the mechanical equivalent and value of a body or flow of water for industrial uses. There are, however, where natural conditions, and among these especially the character of the geological structure of the underground, prevent a regular surface flow by streams, even where the rainfall is ample, and in such cases—a notable one obtaining on this island—a value for the power-equivalent of the rainfall may be sought in directions of a non-mechanical character.

To approximate the available value of the water-power of a given area it is necessary first to estimate the volume of the natural rainfall, and then to follow its several modes of discharge and waste.

After a careful examination of rainfall data, comparing the relative precipitations over the several areas of different altitude, we are induced to place the average rainfall of Oahu at 70 inches. The data, available, however, are very inadequate for anything more than a distant approximation to the actual, and we are, in certain localities, having gauges placed at all altitudes, and of such a form that the rainfall will need to be measured only once a month, in order to secure actual data. For the purpose of the following considerations we shall base our calculations upon an annual rainfall of 60 inches, which certainly keeps within the actual precipitation.

The surface area of Oahu is estimated by measurement at 600 square miles, which is equal to 2,408,693,760,000 square inches. Upon this area an annual rainfall of 60 inches would give 144,521,625,000 cubic inches of rain. If this latter sum be resolved into gallons we obtain the total of 625,634,742.857 gallons, which sum will be taken as a basis of the following considerations.

Having reached some approximation to the volume of annual rainfall upon Oahu, we may proceed to consider the amounts of water which escape by the several modes of discharge and waste. The three chief modes by which rainfall is discharged from the surface where it falls are: (1) Surface drainage, by ditches and streams. (2) Surface evaporation, direct and through vegetation. (3) Percolation through soil and rock strata, and discharge by springs at lower altitudes.

It is at once apparent that the amounts of water which shall be discharged in these several ways must be extremely various, and are controlled by such factors as the level or hilly surface of the land; the porous or close texture of the surface and under soil; the temperature of the air; and the violent or steady rate of precipitation of the rain. There are localities where the rainfall is so small that neither surface nor underground drainage occur; the whole of the precipitation being returned to the air by direct evaporation or the transpiration of plants. Again, there are localities where the surface and under strata are so open that surface drainage is equally as impossible, the whole of a large rainfall passing into the soil and, in part, being returned to the air, and in greater part being discharged by under-strata. For example, on the Waialae side of the Hilo river, upon the Waialae plantation, the rainfall is about 150 inches per annum; yet there is not one running stream, the whole of that immense body of water being discharged into the sea through underground drainage, excepting what is returned to the air by the cane, trees, etc. On the other hand, there are land surfaces so compact and close that, where the slope is great and the rain comes in gusts, the greater portion of the water goes directly to streams or the sea by surface drainage.

In the light of these general considerations we may now look at the island of Oahu. First, there are the low lands which reach from the sea gradually up to the forest-bearing altitudes. Their bareness relative to the forest altitudes, is a result of a much smaller rainfall. Only trees like the algeroba, which subsist with very little water, thrive on these lower levels. Continued rain measurements tell us that the actual rainfall is comparatively small. The surface drainage from these lands, even under heavy rains, is but small compared with the whole if we except the surfaces of the city and roads. On the other hand, the return of moisture to the air by direct evaporation from these low lands is vast. It is true there are few trees to aid the evaporation, but there are high temperatures and almost constant and uninterrupted solar light and heat acting upon the moisture of the soil. Moreover, experiments that have been conducted in the Hawaiian Experiment Station laboratory, bearing upon the moisture absorptive properties of different soils, furnish cause for belief that little of the rainfall can pass through to the under-strata, most of it being absorbed by the surface soil and returned to the air. These experiments have shown that the lands baked by the sun give up almost all their moisture.

Again, the same experiments have shown that the sun-dried soil will absorb 50 per cent of its own weight of

water. This means that an acre of soil, to a depth of 6 feet, will absorb 12,000 tons of rain water, which it will gradually return to the air by direct evaporation. If a crop of cane is growing upon the land, as at Ewa, then the moisture is pumped out of the soil quickly and even at the end of two or three weeks the water left in the ground is not enough to keep the cane in growth. Ewa has to pump up the under-water brought from the mountains by strata drainage to keep the crop going. At the same time it is observed that the underground of the lower lands is abundantly porous to take down all water that is not absorbed by the surface soil. Many examples of this are seen on the windward side of the island, and notably at Waimanalo, where in many places the streams coming down the rock sides, as soon as they touch the land, disappear without any surface flow. Where a great number of cascades converge to one low point, a stream is formed.

All these considerations, however, tell us that we must go to the mountains, not only to estimate the rainfall, but also to form any approximate ideas of what becomes of it. The average of a number of rain gauges gives the rainfall near the sea level at about 35 inches. Readings that have been made for 18 years at a level of 900 feet, and 2½ miles up, show an annual rainfall of 116 inches. The rainfall, for the same level, differs, however, with the locality. Nuuanu Valley has a greater rainfall at 1,000 feet than is found in other places. These facts have to be borne in mind in the effort to approximate averages. Nevertheless, as a rule, the rainfall rises with the altitude, and at highest levels it, of a necessity (explained by several considerations), reaches more than double the average for the island. Then there is to be considered the extent in length, as well as in breadth, of the windward altitudes of the island, not to mention the Waialae elevations; from Makapuu Point to the drop of the mountain range at Kahuku the length is about twice that of the plain from Pearl City to Waialae.

That the great body of the rain falls upon the mountains, is a question that does not need discussion, and we may consider what becomes of the water? Here are to be chiefly kept in view the conditions which control evaporation, and transpiration of water by plants; because the great body of moisture not given back to the air must chiefly find its way by strata drainage to lower levels, the surface discharge being only a small part of that total, which is shown by the fact that it is only after occasional great rains that the most of the streams flow, whilst rain falls upon the mountains a majority of days in the year.

Evaporation and transpiration of water by trees and plants, are chiefly controlled by light, temperature, and the humidity of the air. Deherain has shown "that transpiration is ten times greater in full sunlight than in darkness, and during dull, cloudy days without rain and with the same air temperature, the transpiration is one-half less than under the action of direct solar rays." The zone of high rainfall on the mountains has a lower temperature, the latter decreasing with the increase of altitude, the low temperature is the first cause of precipitation. The lower temperature not only causes the precipitation of rain, it also causes a veil of clouds, which is never quite absent, and during the greater part of most days in the year, overpreads the rain zone, thus reducing the possible transpiration by a vast measure.

This cloudiness indicates a high humidity of the air, and concerning the action of humidity on transpiration we have absolute data: Risler found that plants growing in soil containing only 10 per cent of water, with an air temperature of 80 degrees, wilted down directly when the humidity in the air was only 55 degrees. But with a humidity of 79 degrees the plants stood up fresh, showing that the greater moisture in the air stopped largely the loss of water from the plants. Evaporation is proportional to the temperature and the humidity of the air. Then, with the lower temperature of the mountain altitude and the air so super-saturated with moisture that it is most frequently raining, it is seen that during a great part of the time the condensation not only balances the evaporation, during which time no moisture is being lost, but the coldness of the mountains takes the water from the winds as they are passing over, the great body of which must find its way through the rock crevices to the lower strata. Direct evaporation from the earth even aggravated by the high winds, is reduced to a minimum by reason of the dense foliage which covers the ground. During the portion of days when the sun is unclouded it must be borne in mind, however, that transpiration is very rapid. The ground is saturated with moisture a condition that allows all the water to pass direct to the lower strata whilst rain is falling; but when the air is clear it allows evaporation to proceed more rapidly which has been proved by our own experiments. And when trees and plants are in active transpiration they dissipate huge quantities of water. Haberlandt has shown that an acre of oats during its growth drew from the ground 570 tons of water, of wheat, 489 tons, of rye, 334 tons. Further, Hohenel found, in experiments with very young trees, during half a year, from June to November, that for each pound of dry weight of an elm tree 67,987 pounds of water were given off, of a pine tree only 3,207 pounds, the algeroba probably gives off still less. Illustrations of argument could be given without number, but space will not allow. In view, however, of the main factors, viz., that the great body of rain falls during the cool season of the year at the altitudes of lowest temperature, and upon surfaces of earth and rock enormously porous and absorptive, and bearing also in mind that this rainfall occurs mostly under conditions of the sky and humidity of the air most unfavorable to evaporation notwithstanding the cited examples of the enormous capacity of vegetation to draw moisture from the ground and give it to the air, it does not appear possible to evade the

conclusion that the greater part of the water falling within the zone of highest precipitation enters the underground and is discharged at levels near and under the sea level.

Then, by means of such considerations as have been stated, viz., that whilst the lower lands have a small rainfall, a small amount of which is lost by surface drainage, a smaller amount of it by underground percolation, the vastly greater part returning directly to the air, and the mountain lands receiving the greatest body of the total rainfall, of which probably less than one-half escapes by surface drainage and evaporation, the remainder sinking to the underground, we have been led to venture an account of the discharge and waste of the water falling upon Oahu, excluding details of calculations, as follows:

Surface Drainage	Means	No. of Gallons.
10 p. r. c. to 20 p. r. c.	15 p. r. c.	93,855,211,428
Evaporation 40 p. r. c. to 60 p. r. c.	50 p. r. c.	282,585,634,285
Underground flow 15 p. r. c. to 45 p. r. c.	40 p. r. c.	249,243,897,144
Total Rainfall		625,634,742,857

The greatest interest attaches to the underground discharge. How much of it can be approximately accounted for? A given volume can be fairly closely approximated as the output of the artesian well system in use; and a further volume more accurately estimated by actual "cubic-second" measurements that have been made of certain springs and streams (nothing is better calculated to show the utter uselessness of casual observation than the comparison of the amount of water discharged even by a big stream with the total rainfall).

Total underground flow	Gallons.
249,243,897,144	
(1) Estimated output of 200 wells	43,800,000,000
(2) Measurement of springs	49,432,680,000
Balance	155,911,217,144

All of the water from the measured springs is flowing into the sea. It includes waters used for mechanical purposes (rice mills, etc.), but not any waste from rice fields or the kind. Although only 85,932,680,000 gallons are actually accounted for, there is a further large discharge taking place under our eyes, from rice fields, banana plantations, and unmeasured visible springs. We are persuaded, however, that a great body of the underground discharge occurs further out, and under the sea level, either through the coral in shallow water, or, forced by the pressure of the mountain head, out beyond the reef. The locality of Pearl Harbor affords ample illustration of this.

Although the underground discharge is visibly occurring in localities distant from each other, the topography of the two chief surface water sheds indicates the direction of main discharge, the surface of the lands showing what were the directions of the lava flows and the consequent strata structure of the underground. The great watershed converges to Pearl Harbor. The next important one includes the shorter dip of the lands, formed from the great range, towards Waialae, supplemented by the Waialae altitudes, but it is apparent that the great body of the underground discharge seeks the sea around Pearl Harbor.

According to the showing that has been arrived at it is seen that, in round numbers, some 200,000,000,000 gallons of water are leaving the island without rendering service. How can the power-equivalent of this water be estimated? In the first place, one-fourth of the total amount may be taken off as the portion of discharge from and including Nuuanu avenue to Makapuu Point, and this may be set apart to meet the most exorbitant demands that the future expansion of the city, with its coming sewerage system, and extensive garden cultures, can make. This amount is not only more than can be required; it is, we believe, more than the actual discharge of that region. Another one-fourth is deducted to cover the unmeasured wastes occurring along the windward and around the Kahuku sides of the island. The Waialae and Kawaioa streams and springs, which yield a large volume, are included in the total of measured waters. Some small portion of these wastes are conducted over rice fields, but rice, it may be said in passing, is a crop that makes a small actual use of the water given to it, as it wastes by seepage, and this seepage, moreover, is a most threatening foe to public health of a city, as it gradually fills up land depressions and forms permanent swamps. We have then 100,000,000,000 gallons of water remaining which is discharging into the sea, probably three-fourths around Pearl Harbor, and one-fourth of it in the vicinity of Waialae. The question is repeated: "How can we express the power-equivalent of this huge balance of wasting water?" The great plantation at Ewa suggests one mode of expression. If we allow 5,000,000 gallons of water (this volume is equal to a flow of one cubic foot per second to about fifty acres) and is based on actual irrigation works) to one acre of cane, then the total volume is capable of irrigating 20,000 acres. At five tons of sugar per acre this area is equal to 100,000 tons of sugar. But as the cane requires one and one-half years to mature, the power-equivalent is reduced to 75,000 tons. But setting aside all niceness of calculation, and allowing for all future demands of the city, of small cultures, etc., there appears to be a water-power going to waste annually upon this island, which may be represented safely by 50,000 tons of sugar. And there are available lands which are capable of putting into service this vast waste of water energy.

One observation made as a result of this investigation, whose showings may be far from the actual, is the apparent fitness of the water supply to the area of cultivatable lands. It appears that there is an abundance, ample for every sanitary need and expansion of the city for the increase of small industries and for raising the sugar production of Oahu to speaking safely, three times its present proportion.

WALTER MAXWELL,
Director Hawaiian Experiment Station

FOR BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Ayer's Hair Vigor

RESTORES COLOR,
PROMOTES

Luxuriant Growth,

Keeps the scalp cool, moist, healthy, and free from dandruff. It is the best dressing in the world, and is perfectly harmless. Those desiring to retain the youthful appearance of the hair to an advanced period of life should use

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Sold Medals at the World's Great Expositions.

Beware of cheap imitations. The name Ayer is prominent on the wrapper, and is blown in the glass of each bottle.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS:

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY
Limited.



What Is PURIFINE?

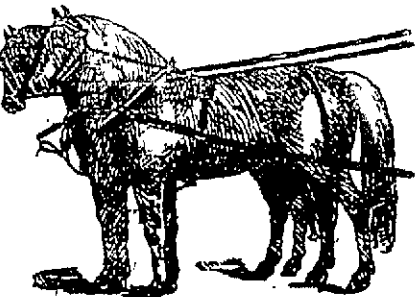
It is the new disinfectant which has superseded all other disinfectants, being a scientific compound, having no odor, yet possessing the qualities of a powerful disinfectant.

The automatic distributor should be placed in every house in Honolulu where odors and germs of disease exist. They are placed free of charge, taken care of and kept working day and night for \$1.00 per month. It's an innovation, but on scientific principles, and appeals to everyone of common sense. The idea is this: The distributor drops two drops a minute, day and night. Foul odors are killed, and no disagreeable smell of carbolic acid or crude disinfectants takes its place. You don't know that a powerful disinfectant is being used if you judge by the lack of odor. But it's doing the duty—doing it well. Can we show you the "Automatic Distributor"? Our Mr. Washburn will call, if you'll telephone to

The Hollister Drug Co

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

For the Hawaiian Islands.



ALEXANDER CHISHOLM.
(Successor to Charles Hammer.)

Manufacturer and Dealer in

All Kinds of

Saddlery and Harness.

Orders from the other Islands promptly attended to.

Corner King and Fort Sts.

P. O. Box 322. Honolulu.

COMMERCIAL PRINTING A
SPECIALTY AT GAZETTE
OFFICE. TELEPHONE 88.

Have You a Horse?

IF YOU HAVE,

Dress Him Well!

OAK-TANNED HAND-MADE

Harness!

Looks Well, Is Strong, and Never Wears Out.

FRED PHILP.

Fine Hand-made Harness a Specialty.

92 KING ST., HONOLULU, H. I.

Telephone 111. P. O. Box 133.

TIME TABLE

Wilder's Steamship Company

— 1896 —

S. S. Kinau,

CLARKE, Commander.

Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maalea Bay and Makana the same day; Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same afternoon.

LEAVES HONOLULU.

*Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on trips marked.

Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Lapauhoehoe, Mahukona and Kawaihae same day; Makana, Maalea Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoons of Tuesdays and Fridays.

ARRIVES AT HONOLULU.

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance.

Round-trip Tickets, covering all expenses, \$50.

S. S. Claudine,

CAMERON, Commander.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kahului, Hanalei, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui, returning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month.

No freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of pursers.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

C. L. WIGHT, President.

S. B. ROSE, Secretary.

Capt. J. A. King, Port Superintendent.

Honolulu, H. I., Jan. 1, 1896.



POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOGNIZED COUGH REMEDY. Its immediate sale throughout the world indicates its inimitable value.

20,000 CHEMISTS SELL IT.

Those who have not already given it a trial should do so at once.

IN PALACE AND COTTAGE ALIKE. Powell's Balsam of Aniseed is the old and unexcelled COUGH REMEDY.

It is large sale throughout the whole civilized world proclaims its great worth.

LOSERS THE PHLEGM IMMEDIATELY.

NIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED.

SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH WRAPPER.

See the words "Thomas Powell, Blackfriars Road, London," on the Government Stamp.

Refuse Imitations.

Established 1824.

SQUATTERS AND FARMERS WHEN ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT FORGET THE TIME-HONORED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH.

POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED.

FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND AND CAPE COLONIES.

Bottles in 1/4, 1/2, and 3/4.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands:
HOLLISTER DRUG CO., L.D.
BENSON, SMITH & JO.
HOBSON DRUG CO.

Art Goods.

The demand for colors, both water and oil is the surest indication of a refined taste among the ladies of the Islands. We are in a position to supply the demand.

A full supply of colors, brushes, oils, varnish and canvases always on hand.

Picture framing, satisfactory picture framing, is due largely to the taste displayed in the selection of mouldings that will harmonize with the picture. We have the taste and mouldings. Let us give you a suggestion.

King Bros.,

HOTEL STREET.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron bark "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfleger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc., IN THE LATEST STYLES.

A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT. Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Molekins, Meitons, Serge, Kammingans, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reichenstein & Sells' Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc. Etc.

American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beer, and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Rustic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Salt Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Lates Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.

Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Co. rusted Iron, St. el Rails (18 and 20) Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates.

Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks.

Also Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Biscuits and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at the Lowest Prices by

H. HACKFELD & CO.

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER WORKS CO., L.D.

Esplanade, Cor. Fort and Allen Sts.

HOLLISTER & CO., Agents.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

Boston Line of Packets

The fine bark Edward May, C. A. Johnson master, will sail from New York for Honolulu on or about May 1st, 1896.

For particulars, call or address

CHAS. BREWER & CO.,

27 Kilby street, Boston, o

C. Brewer & Co., L.D.

Agents, Honolulu.

Hawaiian Fertilizing Company

Importers, Dealers and Manufacturers of

All Kinds of Fertilizers

Phosphates, Potash and Ammonia,

Separately or in Compounds. In quantities to suit. Correspondence and order solicited.

A. F. COOKE, Manager.

CHEAPNESS OF LABOR IN JAPAN.

Possibilities of Encroachment on
the United States.

WEAVERS THREE CENTS A DAY.

Infamous Laws Permitting Young
Children to Work in Factories.
Nearly One Million Women Weav-
ers—Aid to a Census Taker

Robert P. Porter, well known as the United States Superintendent of the last census, returned from Japan on the Peru yesterday, says the San Francisco Chronicle of June 15. Mr. Porter has been in Japan since March, where he studied the industrial and manufacturing conditions of the empire. He returns with decided ideas that the country is fully awake to the needs of the times, and that it will prove a strong competitor to Western nations.

Mr. Porter is a chubby-faced, clean-shaven man, a native of England, who came to this country when 14 years of age. He spent twenty years of his life as a journalist, after which he became superintendent of census. Speaking of Japan, he said:

"I am satisfied, after looking over the industrial situation, that Japan has taken its position with the great civilized nations of the earth and has become an important factor in the commerce of the world. While I have spent far too little time in that fascinating country, the opportunities afforded me for study were very satisfactory. I have therefore been able to collect a vast amount of valuable data on all branches of industry. I was greatly impressed with the progressive spirit of the Japanese officials whom I met at the Emperor's garden party."

Mr. Porter says that the Statistical Society of Tokio furnished him valuable material. He was impressed with the fact that nearly all the prominent men and women he met, including the Emperor, were dressed in European costume.

"During my stay in Japan," he said, "I think I visited more than two hundred mills, factories and shops, covering every important industry. The general letter I held from the American Minister secured admission everywhere. In some cases the proprietors not only gave me all available data, even to the profits of their business, but personally took photographs of their mills and machinery that I might inform my American friends of the industrial progress of Japan."

The investigator covered pretty thoroughly the main island of Japan, also the north, central and southern portions. The main island represents a population of 35,000,000 or 45,000,000, including Formosa.

"The weaving or spinning of textiles," says Mr. Porter, "constitutes the most important industry of Japan, and there are fully a million weavers returned in the census, 950,000 females. This tremendous force of weavers has enabled Japan not only to supply nearly all her own wants, but swell her exports of textiles from \$511,990 in 1885 to \$22,177,826 in 1895, an increase of more than forty fold."

"In the investigation of the silk industry I spent some time, where I found the current wages for female weavers from 3 to 4 cents per day for young girls and to 10 and 15 cents for expert weavers. I also paid particular attention to cotton spinning and weaving. I see to reason why the exports of cotton to India and China will not reach \$50,000,000 before another decade. The total value of the textile industry of Japan may reach nearly \$100,000,000 this year."

"Some of the other industries visited were the rug makers of the country, where I found children of 7 and 8 years working for a cent a day, and 3 to 6 cents a day were current wages for a day of twelve to fourteen hours. In some of the manufacturing regions the schools had been depopulated to one-third of their former number that there might be a supply of children to make matting. Japan can also beat the world on tooth brushes. I have samples that cost less than \$2 per gross. The best quality costs only \$7 per gross."

"The wonder to me is that Japan has become so important a manufacturer without being a purchasing nation."

Speaking of the foreign trade, the student of figures says: "Japan's foreign trade has gone from \$78,000,000 in 1885 to \$296,000,000 in 1895, which is nearly half the Pacific trade. In my opinion it is sure to increase as Japan secures more and more of the Asiatic markets."

As an old newspaper man Mr. Porter objects to the way the Government treats newspapers. "To class organs of public opinion and education with occupations that are regulated by the police is a great mistake. The chief of police of each city has the power to suspend the publication of any newspaper at will, and the right is not infrequently exercised, as the reports show."

It struck the statistician as a bad sign that a man may get a divorce from his wife in Japan on the ground of "talkativeness," and that there are one third as many divorces as marriages. But in spite of many odd customs and

evil laws, the American student of Japanese customs sees signs of progress for the future. He believes the country, however, will soon be driven to pay better wages, do away with child labor and abolish "long and almost inhuman hours."

METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY FOR JUNE, 1896.

[From Records of Weather Bureau.]

Average temperature, 75.2; normal, 76.2; extreme range of temperature, 66 deg to 83 deg., both on the 23d; lowest average daily temperature, 72.3, on the 16th; highest average daily temperature, 76.7, on the 24th and 25th; average daily minimum, 70.7; average maximum, 80.4; average daily range, 9.7.

Average height of barometer, 30.099, normal 30.07; daily average range, 0.057, extreme minimum, 29.99, on the 19th; extreme maximum, 30.18, on the 2d and 18th. Low pressure period centered on the 11th and 19th; high pressure period centered on the 2d, 16th and 27th.

Average relative humidity, 67.7 per cent; normal, 70 per cent; absolute humidity (average), 6.55 grains to the cubic foot; maximum, 7.1, on the 8th; minimum, 6.1, on the 14th.

Total rainfall, 1.59 inches; normal for June, 1.60; maximum rain in one day, 0.41 inches, on the 17th and 18th. Rain record, days, 18.

Cloudiness, 45 per cent; normal, 39 per cent.

Trade wind has prevailed throughout the month with rather more than ordinary force, partially interrupted on the 23d. It showed a tendency to veer into the north, bringing the temperature, especially in the middle of the month, distinctly below the normal.

WHAT IS THAT ONE THING?

It seems like an absurdity, yet it is true all the same. I mean that you might have a cellar full of wood and coal and still shiver with cold; and you would if it were not for one thing. "Oh, that is so obvious," you may say. "It was hardly worth while to hint at it. Anybody can see it with his eyes shut. All the better for me, then; I shan't have to explain. And by the same sharpness you will be able to pick out the important point in two short letters I am about to copy for you."

The first runs thus: "In December, 1890, my daughter (Mrs. M. J. Muther) got into a low, weak, nervous condition. Do what she would, she could not get up her strength. Gradually she wasted away until everyone thought she was in a decline, and had not long to live. In fact, she was so low and dejected she did not care whether she lived or not. She was under a doctor for six months, but his medicines did her no good. My husband then said, 'My daughter, I will now see what I can do for you.' What he meant was that he would have her take a medicine called Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup. He had used it himself when he was ill, and thought it might prove as beneficial to her as it had to him."

"Mrs. Muther said she was willing to try the Syrup, although she had little or no faith in its helping one as bad as she was. For if she really had consumption we know there is no cure for that. My husband, however, got a bottle from Mr. Hume, the chemist, in Rochdale Road, and my daughter began taking it. After the first bottle we saw a great improvement. She could eat, and the food caused her no pain. She continued with this remedy, and gradually gained strength, but it took some time to bring her round. She was so very low and weak. After a time she was able to get about, and never looked behind her. Since then she has been strong and well. We have told many persons how Mother Seigel's Syrup restored her to sound health, and are willing you should publish this statement of the facts. (Signed) (Mrs.) Margaret Watson, 11 Ruby street, Bury, Oct. 8, 1895."

"In March, 1893," says the second letter, "I began to fail in health. I could not say exactly what ailed me. I felt low, weak and tired, and had no strength for anything. My appetite fell away, and what little food I ate gave me great pain at the chest and side. My hands and feet were cold, and nearly all the color left me. I was often in so great pain I could hardly do any work. I was frequently sick, and could keep no kind of food down."

"I got weaker and weaker, in spite of all that was done, and had to be off my work for seventeen weeks. In this way I went on until November of the same year—1893. Then I happened to read about Mother Seigel's Syrup and what it had done for others suffering like me. I got a bottle of this medicine from Mr. W. Heywood, grocer, in Oldham Road, and after taking only the half of it I felt much better. I could eat without pain, and was stronger and brighter every day. When I had finished the bottle I was quite cured, and have had no return of the complaint since. I have told many others about what the syrup did for me, and out of thankfulness I am willing my letter should be made public. (Signed) Miss Lydia E. Morton, 1 Greaves street, Middleton Junction, near Manchester, October 10, 1895."

Both these ladies say that they were very weak, and that their food—of which they could take but little—did them no good. In the midst of plenty they were actually starving. So much wasted was one of them that it was believed she had consumption. The event showed that they both suffered from dyspepsia and nothing else. But that was quite enough, and besides, it often runs into consumption and other fatal maladies. By setting the stomach right, Mother Seigel's Syrup fully cured them both.

Coal and wood are useless without means to light a fire, and bread and meat are as nothing unless we can digest them and make them part of our flesh and bone. That is easy to see and important to remember. And it is its power to help nature work this transformation that makes Mother Seigel's Syrup so wonderful a remedy.

SLEEP & REST \$35

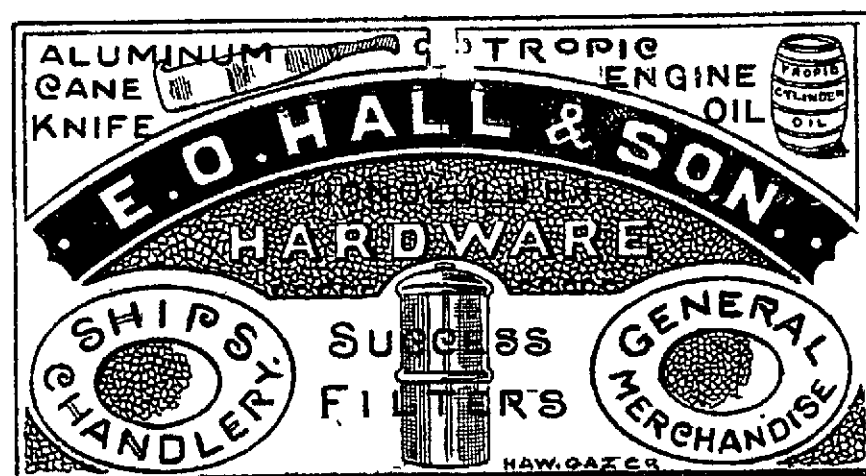
For Skin Tortured
BABIES
And Tired
MOTHERS

In One
Application of

Cuticura

A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, followed by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of the most distressing of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly and crusted skin and scalp diseases, when all other methods fail.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. Nunn & Sons, 1, King Edward-st., London. Forth & Co. and Chemical Corporation, Sole Proprietors, Boston, U. S. A.



THE "TROPIC"

Is a pure, unadulterated lubricator, and is fully warranted to be of the highest possible grade and to give first-class satisfaction in every particular.

A large number of mills are using it, and we are having new orders every week. Those who use it once, want it right along. The

ALUMINUM CANE KNIFE

Has found its way to many of the plantations on the islands, and is spoken of in the highest terms by over-

seers and cane cutters. It is the best knife ever offered for sale here. Try it. STEP IN AND LOOK at our

"SUCCESS" FILTERS

We have a CRYSTAL ONE that shows the whole process at a glance. It is the best and easiest cleaned filter known. We will show you also our new

FRUIT OR MANGO PICKERS

We have a SPLENDID stock of Hardware, Ship Chandlery and General Merchandise on hand, and are adding to it by nearly every new arrival.

E. O. HALL & SON,

Corner Fort and King Streets, Honolulu.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

G. N. WILCOX, President. T. H. WILCOX, Secretary and Treasurer.
I. F. BACKFELD, Vice President. J. R. WILCOX, Secretary and Treasurer.
P. O. BOX 484. TELEPHONE 467.

WE ARE PREPARED TO FILL ALL ORDERS FOR

Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

Pacific Guano, Potash, Sulphate of Ammonia, Nitrate of Soda, Calcined Fertilizer, Salts, Etc., Etc.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our Agricultural Chemist.

ALL GOODS ARE GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT.

For further particulars apply to

PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER COMPANY.

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager.

Island Visitors

TO HONOLULU!

SAVE YOUR
TRAVELING EXPENSES
BY PURCHASING YOUR

Dry Goods

AT L. B. KERR'S

If you are not coming to Honolulu send for patterns and quotations. Your orders will be attended to quite as well as if you selected the articles yourself.

JUST RECEIVED: A complete assortment of French Muslins, French Châles, Black Alpaca, Black and Colored Cashmeres, Serges, Ribbons.

Laces, Flowers, Linen Handkerchiefs, Table Napkins, Linen Damasks, bleached and unbleached, Bedspreads, Blankets and Sheetings.

Also a fine range of Men's Suitings and Trouserings.

A Single Yard or Article at Wholesale Prices.

L. B. KERR, Queen Street, Honolulu.

BED ROOM SETS

BEDSTEAD,
BUREAU,
WASHSTAND,
TABLE,
TWO CHAIRS,
ROCKER,
—7 PIECES IN ALL,
POLISHED OAK.

The best thing ever offered in this market for the money. Call and see this Set.

ODD DRESSERS,

\$12 and Upwards.

We have a few of these from broken Sets and are selling them off fast. They are worth looking at.

PORTIERES,

ALL PRICES.

New designs, colors, and the best qualities made. These are all new goods.

WINDOW SHADES,

\$1 and Upwards.

We have cheaper ones, but call your attention to this higher class of goods. They are prettier, last longer, give better satisfaction, etc.

HOPP & CO.

Furniture Dealers,
CORNER KING AND BETHEL STS.

J. S. WALKER & CO.

Jobbing and Manufacturing

PHARMACISTS.

DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS,

Chemicals,

MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS

AND

Patent Medicines

At the Lowest Prices.

COR. OF FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

Metropolitan Market

KING STREET.

Choicest Meats

From Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.

Families and Shipping Supplied

ON SHORT NOTICE

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices

All Meats delivered from this market are thoroughly chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juiciness and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly killed meat.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 25 miles.

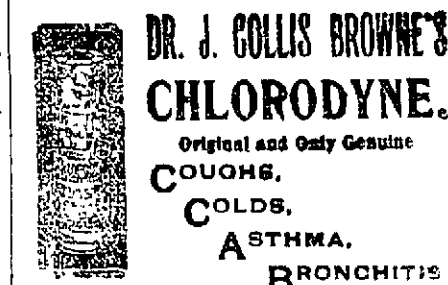
Electric power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.



Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WYLLIE, BROWN, was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was liberally sworn to, and he regretted to see it been untrue. See The Times, 4, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. A mild medicine which assuages PAIN, EVERY KIND, affords a calm sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and OPERATES the nervous system. Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, report that it ACTS as a CHARM, and is generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of Diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. THE PURE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The Immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many insidious imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles of 1d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT.

33 Great Russell St. London, W. C.

J. S. WALKER, General Agent the Hawaiian Islands.

Royal Insurance Company.

ALLIANCE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Ltd. (Incorporated in England) and General Insurance Office, Ltd.

WILHELMINA OF MAGDEBURG

INSURANCE COMPANY, Ltd. (Incorporated in Germany)

Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

HEALDS

BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post Street, San Francisco.

FOR SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS This college instructs in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Drawing, all the English branches and everything pertaining to business for full six months. We have 16 teachers and give individual instruction to all our pupils.

A Department of Electrical Engineering Has been established under a thoroughly qualified instructor. The course is thoroughly practical. Send for circular. C. S. HALEY, Secretary.

The HAWAIIAN GAZETTE (semi-weekly) is issued on Tuesdays and Fridays.

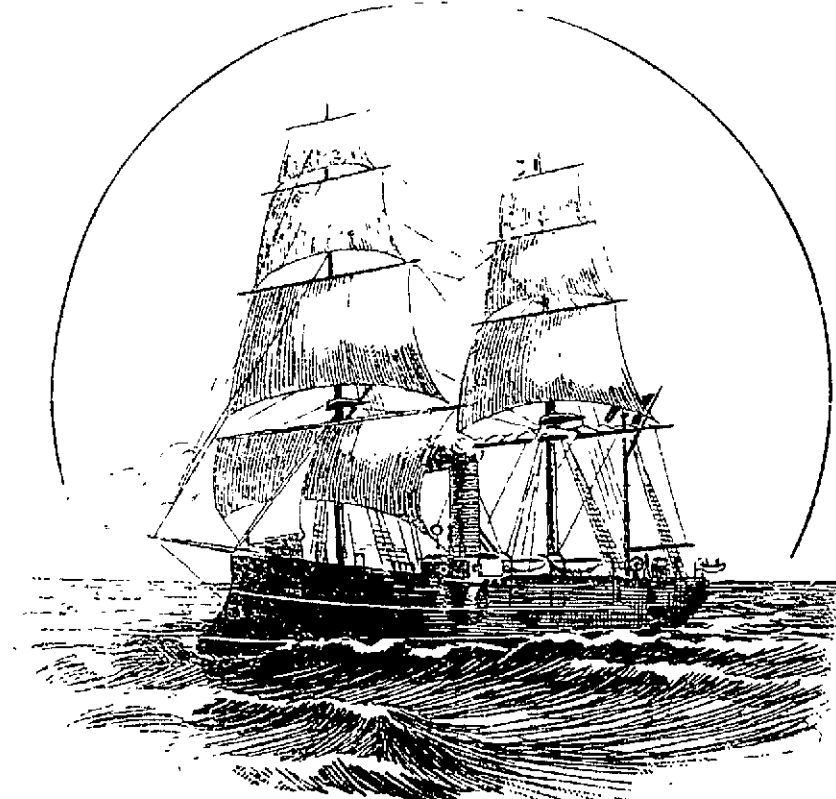
TRAINING SHIP ZARAGOZA HERE.

On a Scientific Trip Around the World.

ADMIRAL MONASTERIO ABOARD.

Comes from San Francisco in Eleven Days—Tries to Salute, but Cannot. Will Remain Here a Week or so. Fear Disease in Yokohama, Etc.

The Mexican corvette and training ship Zaragoza, Miguel Pozo, commander, arrived in port and anchored next the U. S. S. Adams in Naval Row short-



MEXICAN CORVETTE ZARAGOZA.
[Sketches by an Advertiser Artist.]

ly before noon yesterday, twelve days from San Francisco, which port she left on June 19th.

As the Zaragoza came to anchor she made an attempt at firing the usual salute. The first gun went off all right, the second was not forthcoming for some time after, and the third and fourth came in a rather languid manner. After that there was a depressing silence and no more guns were fired.

Then came the usual salute from the shore battery. Along about 4 o'clock in the afternoon the salute from the Zaragoza was forthcoming. It seems that the Nordenfeldt quick-firing guns were being used. New fuses which were purchased in San Francisco were produced. They proved too much for the guns, and the mechanism was thrown out of order.

The Zaragoza is on a trip around the world on a scientific expedition for the Mexican Government. The ocean currents are the object of the corvette's study, and at noon each day she drops a bottle overboard containing messages which are expected to turn up in all sorts of funny places. The statement that the corvette is doing all this work for the United States Hydrographic Office at Washington, as made in an evening contemporary, is denied aboard ship. The officers say that the United States is quite able to take care of herself when it comes to ocean currents.

The Zaragoza is a training ship and has aboard her a jolly crowd of midshipmen from the Naval Academy at Annapolis, who are all looking forward to a good time while in Honolulu. They are most enthusiastic over their trip around the world, and anxious to see all the places to which the corvette is bound.

The corvette will remain here about a week or ten days. It was the intention to proceed from here to Yokohama, but news having reached the ship that contagious diseases are prevalent at that place just now, it is very probable that she will proceed immediately to Manila.

From Manila she will sail to Singapore, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, then through the Mediterranean Sea to Cadiz, and Havana and then home to Vera Cruz, reaching that port some time in June.

The officers and crew of the Zaragoza present a vast number of types of the Mexican. There are three Englishmen aboard—George E. Coward, Chief Engineer, George E. Howard, Second Engineer, and Frederick W. Wood, electrician. The remainder are Mexicans.

The crew consists of 128 men and the armament of the following: Six 12-cm. Carvel guns, 2 quick-firing Nordenfeldt guns, 2 Hotchkiss revolving cannon.

Following is a complete list of the officers of the corvette: Admiral Angel O. Monasterio, Captain Miguel Pozo, commander, Cristobal Gonzales, Navigating Officer, Francisco Ochoa, First Lieutenant, Jose Servin, Alejandro G. Razo and Alberto Zenteno, Second Lieutenants, Jose N. de Caceres, Francisco Rivaleneyra and Jorge A. Palmer, Sub-Second Lieutenants, Tristan Canales, Luis R. Linares, Leopoldo Fourzan, Antonio Ortega, Ignacio Torres, Jose Omedias, Jesus F. Rodriguez, Vincente Serrano and Arturo Puga, Midshipmen, Alejandro Rochedo, Paymaster, Carlos

Glass, Surgeon, George E. Coward, Chief Engineer, Angel Vazquez, First Engineer, Pedro Cassou and George C. Howard, Second Engineers, Pedro Gutierrez, Third Engineer, Frederick W. Wood, Electrician.

H. H. Renjes, the Mexican Consul, will make his official call aboard the Zaragoza today.

Various entertainments and pleasant diversions will be given for the officers while the corvette is here.

AUSTRIAN WARSHIP.

Arrival of the Salda Yesterday. Will Remain Ten Days.

Following is a complete list of the officers of the S. M. S. Salda: Conrad Spieler, commander; Stanislaus, Count of Solyk, First Lieutenant; Lieutenant Fath, Navigating Officer; Second Lieutenant Veltze, Third Officer of the Artillery; T. Korber, Second Lieutenant, Herrn Susch, Stein, Lauffer, Radon, Forster, Mutonnee and Kubelka, Sub-Lieutenants. She has twenty-five midshipmen and 330 men aboard.

The Salda came here from Maria Bay, Marquesas Islands, and was 23 days on the voyage. Her original port

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

Vessels from Due.
Lk Kociscuo, Newcastle Due
Schr Helen N. Kimball, San F., July 4
O & S. S. Gaelic, San Fran., July 9
Bkine Amelia, Eureka July 10
C. A. S. S. Mlowera, Vancouver, July 18
O & S. Australia, San Fran., July 17
O & S. S. City of Peking, S. F., July 18
O & S. S. Mariposa, San Fran., July 30

ARRIVALS.

Tuesday, June 30.
Am. bk Martha Davis, Soule, from San Francisco.
Schr Walaleale, Gregory, from Hawaii ports.
Schr W. G. Hall, Simerson, from Maui and Hawaii ports.

DEPARTURES.

Tuesday, June 30.
Ger. ship H. F. Glade, Haestoop, for San Francisco.
Am. bk Albert, Griffiths, for San Francisco.
Am. bkine S. N. Castle, Hubbard, for San Francisco.
Am. ship Commodore, Davidson, for New York.
Schr Iwalani, Smythe, for Hawaii ports.
Schr Claudine, Cameron, for Maui ports.
Schr Kaala, Thompson, for Oahu ports.

Wednesday, July 1.
Schr Kaena, Parker, for Oahu ports.
Schr Walaleale, Gregory, for Kauai ports.
Schr Kauai, Bruhn, for Kilauea, Kailiwal and Hanalei.
Schr J. A. Cummins, Neilsen, for Waimanalo.
Thursday, July 2.
Schr Spokane, Jamieson, for Port Townsend.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Schr W. G. Hall, Simerson, for Maui and Hawaii ports, at 12 m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

From San Francisco, per bark Martha Davis, June 30.—Wm. E. Blake and wife.
From Maui and Hawaii, per schr. W. G. Hall, June 30.—W. E. Rowell, Wm. H. Coney, Edward Dowsett, R. Emmott Large, Hon. A. Hocking, W. C. Crowell, D. Kanewant, Antonio Fernandez, Rev. W. Horsfall, T. G. Rudling and wife, W. C. Lane, James Lino, Mrs. Graham and children, Mrs. H. H. Renjes and daughter, Mrs. Mahelona, Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. J. Richardson, Miss Roy and 66 on deck.
From San Francisco, per O. S. S. Alameda, July 2.—Dr. Winslow Anderson, wife and child, Mrs. J. M. Atherton, Mrs. John Ballard, Miss Gertrude Ballard, Frank Ballard, Dr. W. M. S. Beede, Mrs. M. M. Buckmann, W. H. Cornwell, Jr., Miss Blanche Cornwell, Capt. J. C. Dart, Miss Bessie Foster French, T. T. French, Miss R. A. Jewell, R. Kennedy, Mrs. J. C. McStay, Mrs. C. M. Shortridge and maid, Miss Shortridge, Col. J. H. Soper, Mrs. Usner and 10 steerage.

Departures.

For Maui, per schr. Claudine, June 30.—Hon. H. P. Baldwin, Mrs. Sorenson, Miss H. Sorenson, Miss D. Sorenson, Miss Flemming, Miss Beckwith, J. M. Oat, F. Hedemann, H. Eckart, Master Enos, Miss Summerfield, Frank Dunn, Archie Dunn, E. Kopke, A. W. Van Valkenburg, David Hakulo, W. H. Daniels, Miss McKinley, M. F. Cunningham and wife, Mrs. Salter and six children, E. Morton, B. Morton, D. Morton, James Conner, C. Lennard, Mrs. P. G. Taylor, Mrs. Stolz and child, Fred Meyers, Fred Plunkett, Miss J. M. Akana, Edward Dowsett, H. Focke, Wm. Stoddart, Mabel Abbott, Joe Pa. H. Range and Samuel Parker.
For San Francisco, per bkine S. N. Castle, June 30.—Mrs. W. G. Ashley, Mrs. S. I. Shaw, Mrs. C. Torbert and four children, Mrs. Norton, Mrs. C. R. Hawthorne and Miss Hawthorne.

For Kauai, per schr. Kauai, July 1.—Misses Bertlemann (4), Miss J. Smith, Dr. J. K. Smith, Miss Bayer, Hon. W. H. Rice, wife and family, A. W. Judd, Chas. S. Judd, Miss R. H. Green, Mrs. C. H. Bishop, M. A. Rezo and wife, Mr. Morrill, C. Christian, Henry Christian, K. Pakelo, Miss Givlin, Miss Charman, Ako, C. Givlin, Mr. Flood and eleven on deck.
From Kapaa, per schr. James Makee, July 2.—G. W. R. King, C. V. E. Dove and 14 on deck.

IMPORTS.

From Newcastle, per schr. Oceania Vance, July 1.—644 tons coal for Wilder & Co. Ltd.

EXPORTS.

For Vancouver and Victoria, per C. A. S. S. Mlowera, June 27.—30 bags coffee, 457 boxes bananas, 402 cts pineapples, 429 empty beer kegs.
For San Francisco, per schr. Transit, June 27.—15,203 bags sugar, weighing 347,688 lbs., valued at \$63,195.13, and shipped as follows: 5,343 bags by F.

A. Schaefer & Co. to Williams, Dimond & Co., 2,252 bags by Theo H. Davies & Co. to Williams, Dimond & Co.; 4,903 bags by O. Brewer & Co. to Welch & Co.; 2,505 bags by Castle & Cooke to Welch & Co.

For San Francisco, per bk S. C. Allen, June 27.—18,799 bags sugar, weighing 3,351,276 lbs., valued at \$79,863.00, and shipped as follows: 7,801 bags by C. Brewer & Co. to Welch & Co.; 5,950 bags by Theo H. Davies & Co. to Williams, Dimond & Co.; 5,044 bags by Castle & Cooke to Welch & Co.

For San Francisco, per O. S. S. Australia, June 29.—12,033 bags sugar, weighing 1,509,050, valued at \$52,300, and shipped as follows: 11,219 bags by Wm. G. Irwin & Co. to J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co.; 814 bags by C. Brewer & Co. to Welch & Co.; also 50 bags coffee, 347 crates and boxes of pineapples, 69,904 bunches bananas, 100 boxes bananas and small merchandise. Total value of cargo, \$64,615.70.

For New York, per ship Commodore, June 30.—50,450 bags sugar, weighing 6,184,157 lbs., valued at \$225,316.00, and shipped by Wm. G. Irwin & Co. to American Sugar Refinery Co.

For San Francisco, per bk Albert, June 30.—6,138 bags sugar, weighing 767,250 lbs., valued at \$25,761.56, and shipped as follows: 2,330 bags by C. Brewer & Co. to Welch & Co.; 3,808 bags by Wm. G. Irwin & Co. to J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co.; also 200 bags coffee, weighing 20,068 lbs., valued at \$4,013.60, and shipped by H. Hackfeld & Co. to Otis McAllister & Co. and Haas Bros.

For San Francisco, per ship H. F. Glade, June 30.—17,231 bags sugar, weighing 2,162,729 lbs., valued at \$74,645.11, and shipped by H. Hackfeld & Co.
For San Francisco, per bkine S. N. Castle, June 30.—13,740 bags sugar, weighing 1,740,573 lbs. (870 tons), valued at \$57,743.00, and shipped as follows: 1,575 bags by M. S. Grinbaum & Co. to M. S. Grinbaum & Co.; 10,843 bags by Wm. G. Irwin & Co. to J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co., and 1,322 bags by H. A. Widemann to J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co.; also 12 copper tanks at \$150, and 60 cts household effects, valued at \$1,500.00. Total value of cargo, \$59,393.00.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned, having been appointed Administratrix of the will of H. R. Hollister, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased testate, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present the same, duly authenticated and with the proper vouchers, if any exist, to her at her residence in Honolulu, Oahu, within six months from date hereof, or such claims will be forever barred. All persons indebted to said estate are also notified to make payment to the undersigned.

PHOEBE A. PARMELEE,
Administratrix of the will of H. R. Hollister, deceased.
Dated Honolulu, Oahu, July 1st, 1896.
1773F-4ta

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, having been duly appointed Administratrix of the Estate of A. P. Jones, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons who have claims against the Estate of said A. P. Jones to present the same, duly authenticated, with the proper vouchers, if any exist, even if the claim is secured by mortgage upon real estate, to her personally or at the office of J. A. Magoon, Merchant St., next to the Post Office, Honolulu, within six months from this date, or the same will be forever barred.

MRS. RACHEL JONES.
By her Attorney, J. Alfred Magoon.
Honolulu, July 1st, 1896.
1775-9t

NOTICE.

I have made over all the stock and merchandise in the business carried on by the late J. T. Waterhouse, and also the good will and all outstanding accounts thereof, to my sons, F. T. P. E. C. John and G. S. Waterhouse, who henceforth carry on said business and assume all liabilities from this date.

ELIZABETH BOURNE WATERHOUSE, Sole Legatee under the will of John T. Waterhouse.
4343 1773-1m

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned, each residing in Honolulu, in the Island of Oahu, of the Republic of Hawaii, have formed a co-partnership with each other in the business of buying and selling general merchandise and as commission merchants in said Honolulu, under the firm name or style of J. T. Waterhouse, being the business heretofore carried on by J. T. Waterhouse, first, and his successor, J. T. Waterhouse, second.

Dated Honolulu, July 1, 1896.
Frederick T. P. Waterhouse,
Ernest Coniston Waterhouse,
John Waterhouse,
George S. Waterhouse.
4343 1773-1m

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF LAHAINA.—GEO. H. DUNN, Deputy Collector of Taxes, vs. KIA NAHAOLE-LUA, assumpst.
To the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, his Deputy, or any policeman in the District of Lahaina, Island of Maui—Greeting.

You are hereby commanded to summon Kia Nahaolelua if he can be found in this district to appear before me, at my office, in Lahaina, upon the 6th day of July, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., there to answer unto Geo. H. Dunn, Deputy Assessor of Taxes in and for the Second Taxation District of the Hawaiian Islands, in a plea wherein the plaintiff declares and says:

That said defendant Kia Nahaolelua, is lawfully indebted to this plaintiff, in his official capacity aforesaid,

In the sum of sixty-four and eighty-five one-hundredths dollars for taxes assessed against the person and property of said defendant, on the books of the Assessor of Taxes for the District of Lahaina, Island of Maui, for the year 1895. And defendant, though thereto requested, has thus far failed and neglected, and still doth neglect and refuse to pay the same, or any part thereof; wherefore, plaintiff asks for judgment against said defendant for said sum of sixty-four and eighty-five one-hundredths dollars, together with ten per cent in addition thereto, as by law provided, and for costs of Court.

Notify the said Kia Nahaolelua that upon default to attend at the place, day and hour above mentioned, judgment will be rendered against him ex parte, by default.

Given under my hand this 29th day of June, 1896.

D. KAHAULELIO,
District Magistrate of Lahaina.

I hereby certify the following to be a true and attested copy of the summons in this cause, and that said Court ordered publication of the same and continued the said cause until the 6th day of August, 1896.

D. KAHAULELIO,
District Magistrate of Lahaina.
1773-3w

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE Fourth Circuit, Hawaiian Islands. In Probate. At Chambers.

In the matter of the Estate of Nacaminchi (Japanese) late of Honoum, Hawaii, deceased.

Order of notice of petition for allowance of final accounts and discharge in deceased estates.

On reading and filing the petition and accounts of W. D. Schmidt, Administrator of the above Estate, wherein he asks to be allowed \$795.71 and charges himself with \$1,523.57, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such Administrator.

It is ordered that MONDAY, the 10th day of August, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court, at the Court Room of the said Court at Hilo, Island of Hawaii, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

By order of the Court.
DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
Dated at Hilo, this 25th day of June, 1896.
1773F-3ta

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—JAMES L. NEWTON, and GEORGE H. NEWTON, Plaintiffs, vs. FRANK O. BLAIR et al., Defendants. Action for Quieting of Title in Real Property situate in the Hawaiian Islands.

THE REPUBLIC OF HAWAII.—To the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands or his Deputy.

GREETING:—You are hereby commanded to summon Frank C. Blair, grandson of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Florence S. Blair, his wife; George B. Blair, grandson of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Emily E. Blair, his wife; William G. Blair, grandson of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Hattie V. Blair, his wife; Henrietta Blair, daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, Susan H. Stearns, granddaughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and E. H. Stearns, her husband; Elizabeth E. Hosmer, granddaughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Alice M. Hubbard, granddaughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and E. Hubbard, her husband; Florence L. Matterson, granddaughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and J. J. Matterson, her husband; Jane Case, daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and J. N. Case, her husband; Mary C. Martell, daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Henry Spring, grandson of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and Sybil Spring, his wife; Angeline L. Vincent, granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and W. E. Vincent, her husband; A. Aline Underwood, granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and C. E. Underwood, her husband; and C. E. Underwood, her husband; Davis, husband of Frances Davis, a granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, both deceased, and Ida Weaver, a great granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and — Weaver, her husband; Helen Giffard, a granddaughter of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and E. M. Giffard, her husband; George W. Forbes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased, and Lydia F. Forbes, his wife; Melancthon Forbes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased, and Maggie Forbes, his wife; James Forbes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased, and Ellen Forbes, his wife; Emory Forbes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased; — Newman, husband of Lydia Newman, deceased, and Lydia Newman, his wife; George Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Frances Newton, his wife; Asabel Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Mary Newton, his wife; Albert Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Ella Newton, his wife; Merritt Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Sadie Newton, his wife; George Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased, and Doudiebay, husband of Anna M. Doudiebay, deceased, a granddaughter of John Newton, deceased; William A. Doudiebay, a great-grandson of John Newton, deceased; Alice Newton, a great-granddaughter of John Newton, deceased; — Jackson, husband of John Newton, deceased; — Jackson, a great-granddaughter of John Newton, deceased; Eugene Jackson, a great-grandson of John Newton, deceased; Franee Jackson, a daughter of John Newton, deceased, and A. Harris, her husband; John H. Newton, a son of John Newton, deceased; Elizabeth Crandall, daughter of John Newton, deceased, and I. Crandall, her husband; Lydia Jane Harris, daughter of John Newton, deceased; William P. Newton, son of John Newton, deceased, and Emily Newton, his wife. Defendants, in case they shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the AUGUST TERM, thereof, to be held at Honolulu, in and of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, on MONDAY, the third day of August next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of James L. Newton and George H. Newton, plaintiffs, should not be awarded to them pursuant to the tenor of their annexed petition. And have you then there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness, Hon. Alfred W. Carter, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the Hawaiian Islands, this fourth day of April, 1896.

HENRY SMITH, Clerk.
I certify the foregoing to be a true, full and faithful copy of the original, which is on file in my office, in said Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

HENRY SMITH, Clerk.
1748-3m

Mortgagee's Notice of Intention to Foreclose and of Sale.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS of that certain mortgage made by JOSEPH AEA (K) and KAHAE AEA, his wife, to HENRY WATERHOUSE, dated August 4, 1888, recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 145, pp. 92 and 93, notice is hereby given that said mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit, the non-payment of both principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that, after the expiration of three weeks from this date, the property covered by said mortgage will be advertised for sale and will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, Honolulu, on MONDAY, July 6, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon of that day.

For further particulars apply to HENRY WATERHOUSE, Mortgagee.

or to J. A. MAGOON, Merchant street, Honolulu. Dated Honolulu, June 12, 1896.

The property to be sold is as follows: All that piece of land situated at Waikahulu, said Honolulu, and described as follows: Commencing at the north corner of this lot at stone wall at road and running by the magnetic meridian of this point S. 45.30 E. 11 feet to rock marked with a cross; S. 34.00 E. 108.9 feet across kula land; S. 48.30 E. 137.5 feet along Kuaupua to corner of fence; S. 35.15 W. 55 feet along fence along Waterhouse; N. 42.30 W. 24.5 feet along Waterhouse; N. 67.15 W. 143 feet along Waterhouse; N. 59.30 W. 106.5 feet along Waterhouse to road; N. 41.20 E. 138.5 feet along road and wall to initial point. Area, 59.100 acres, being a portion of the land described in Royal Patent No. 661, L. A. 1728. 1767-4ta

Mortgagee's Notice of Intention to Foreclose and of Sale.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS of that certain mortgage made by HAKUOLE and MAHIAIMOKU, his wife, to A. J. CARTWRIGHT, Trustee Holt Estate, dated June 9, 1885, recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 93, on pages 414 and 415, which mortgage was duly assigned to J. A. Magoon, by assignment dated January 30, 1895, and recorded, notice is hereby given that the assignee of said mortgage intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit, the non-payment of both principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that, after the expiration of three weeks from this date, part of the property covered by said mortgage will be advertised for sale and will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Honolulu, on MONDAY, July 6, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon of that day.

For further particulars apply to J. A. MAGOON, Assignee of said mortgage. Dated Honolulu, June 12, 1896.

The property to be sold is as follows: All those premises situated at Hamanua, Manoa, more particularly described in R. P. 8471, L. C. A. 1769, to Malsib; containing an area of 80-100 acres. 1767-4ta

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

In accordance with the provisions of that certain mortgage made by G. B. ELAMA (K), and KEALALAINA, his wife, to JOHN PULAA (K), dated May 28th, 1888, recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 110, pp. 329 and 330, notice is hereby given that said mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit, the non-payment of both principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from this date the property covered by said mortgage will be advertised for sale and will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, Honolulu, on Monday, July 27, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon of that day.

For further particulars apply to J. A. Magoon, attorney for John Pulaa, mortgagee, Honolulu Hale, Merchant street. Dated Honolulu, July 3rd, 1896.

The property to be sold is as follows: All that piece of parcel of land situate at Kapapaea and Opukaka, Waikiki, Oahu, described in Royal Patent No. 2568, Kuleana 1536 to Kaneauhi, containing an area of four and 80-100 acres. 1773F 4ta

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned, having been duly appointed Executors of the last will and testament of Adella Cornwell, late of Honolulu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the Estate of said Adella Cornwell, duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to F. W. MACFARLANE, at his office on Queen street, Honolulu, Island of Oahu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment thereof to the undersigned.

Dated Honolulu, June 18th, 1896.
W. H. CORNWELL,
F. W. MACFARLANE,
Executors of the last will and testament of Adella Cornwell, deceased.
1769-4ta

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, having been appointed administrator of the estate of C. R. McVeigh, late of Honolulu, by order of Hon. A. Perry, Second Judge of the First Circuit, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present the same, with vouchers duly authenticated, to him, at his place of business, Honolulu, within six months from date hereof, or such claims will be forever barred. All persons indebted to said estate are also notified and directed to pay such debts to the Administrator only.

WALTER C. WEEDON,
Administrator.
Honolulu, June 19, 1896. 1769-4ta

ELECTION NOTICE.

At the election of officers for the ensuing term, Captain Cooke Lodge, No. 353, Order Sons of St. George, the following were elected:

Wm. Richardson, president.
Henry Wright, vice president.
George S. Harris, Jr., secretary.
W. W. Wright, treasurer.
GEORGE S. HARRIS, JR., Sec'y.
1771-3ta